NOAA Technical Memorandum NMFS



SEPEMBER 2006

ICHTHYOPLANKTON, PARALARVAL CEPHALOPOD, AND STATION DATA FOR OBLIQUE (BONGO) PLANKTON TOWS FROM THE OREGON, CALIFORNIA, AND WASHINGTON LINE-TRANSECT EXPEDITION (ORCAWALE) IN 2001

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NOAA-TM-NMFS-SWFSC-393

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ABSTRACT

This report provides ichthyoplankton and paralarval/juvenile cephalopod data from oblique (Bongo) net tows, and associated station and tow data collected during the Oregon, California, and Washington Line-Transect Expedition (ORCAWALE) survey in 2001. This survey was the second comprehensive survey of marine mammals and ecosystem measurements fully encompassing the Exclusive Economic Zone (EEZ) and adjacent international waters out to 300 nautical miles (nmi) along the West Coast of the contiguous United States. In total, 71 Bongo net tow samples were collected between 31 July and 7 December in 2001 aboard the National Oceanographic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA) research vessels *David Starr Jordan* and *McArthur*, during which the two ships surveyed the area extending from the Canada/Washington border south to the California/Mexico border, and westward to about 130° W. The data are presented in a series of six tables; the background, methodology, and information necessary for interpretation of the data are presented in the accompanying text

INTRODUCTION

Under the 1994 amendments to the Marine Mammal Protection Act (MMPA), the National Marine Fisheries Service (NMFS) and the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service (USFWS) are required to produce Stock Assessment Reports (SARs) for all stocks of marine mammals within the waters of the United States Exclusive Economic Zone (U.S. EEZ), to review new information every year for strategic stocks and every three years for non-strategic stocks, and to update the stock assessment reports when significant new information becomes available (Barlow 1997; Barlow et al. 1995, 1997, 1998; Carretta et al. 2001, 2002, 2004, 2005, 2006; Forney et al. 1999, 2000). The Protected Resources Division (PRD, formerly the Marine Mammal Division) of the Southwest Fisheries Science Center (SWFSC, La Jolla, California), along with the National Marine Mammal Laboratory (NMML, Seattle, Washington) produce the SARs guided by the MMPA and the Endangered Species Act. Individually, and sometimes jointly, the two laboratories conduct research on the marine mammals, seabirds, and sea turtles of the eastern Pacific Ocean, primarily in the EEZ and the greater Eastern Tropical Pacific (ETP). Their research is designed to aid in the management and conservation of these protected species. Often the PRD participates in projects directed toward individual species, taxa, or other geographic areas.

The first marine mammal stock assessment was compiled from published sources, with additional unpublished data included where it contributed to the assessment (Barlow et al. 1995). The first major revision of the NMFS marine mammal stock assessment reports for the eastern Pacific region occurred in 1996. SWFSC and the Office of Protected Resources planned and executed a survey where transects were mapped in a grid to uniformly encompass the whole area. To date, it was the largest and most comprehensive marine mammal survey completed along the U.S. West coast; preliminary results were reported by Barlow (1997). The survey included waters within 300 nmi off California, surveyed previously in 1991 (Hill and Barlow 1992), and added the waters off Oregon and Washington. This survey was named ORCAWALE for Oregon, California and Washington Line-Transect *Experiment* (Von Saunder and Barlow 1999). Prior to this survey, in the waters off Oregon and Washington, cetacean abundances were estimated only for the most abundant species, and only by aerial surveys within 100 nmi from the coast (Green et al. 1992, 1993). Zooplankton samples were not collected on this first ORCAWALE survey. The oceanographic ecosystem studies from this cruise are being analyzed and will be reported in Klimaszewski et al. *in prep*.

In 2001, in continuation of the work begun on the first ORCAWALE survey, and in an effort to increase the understanding of the ecosystems involved, PRD conducted another marine mammal survey of this area. The primary objective of the second ORCAWALE survey (Oregon, California, and

Washington Line-Transect *Expedition*), was to estimate the absolute abundance of marine mammal populations, and to better understand their distributions along the west coast of the United States, out to a distance of approximately 300 nmi. (Figure 1¹). The secondary goals were to collect other biological and physical oceanographic data to characterize the environment. Two research vessels were used for this survey: the NOAA ships *David Starr Jordan (Jordan)* and *McArthur*. The *Jordan* conducted research from 30 July to 10 November, but mechanical breakdowns limited the number of effective sea days, and the *McArthur* completed the last three weeks of the survey, from 15 November to 8 December 2001 (Figure 2). Approximately the same area and time period were surveyed in the 1996 survey.

The marine mammal survey component of ORCAWALE 2001 was conducted according to line-transect methods (Buckland et al. 1993) that have been used consistently by SWFSC for estimating abundance of cetaceans (Kinzey et al. 2001). Other cetacean research (Appler et al. 2004) included recording cetacean vocalizations using a towed array during daylight hours on the *Jordan*, and opportunistic deployment of Navy surplus sonobuoys by both vessels. Photographs for identification of marine mammals were taken opportunistically, as were skin sample biopsies for genetic analyses to aid in defining stocks. Notes were taken on marine mammal activities for behavioral studies. Estimates of cetacean abundance from this survey were made by Barlow (2003).

Oceanographic ecosystem studies and sampling techniques were published by Philbrick et al. (2003). In addition to cetacean data from line-transect methods, seabird and pinniped observations were conducted concurrently. Thermosalinographs ran continuously, measuring the temperature and salinity of the surface water. A conductivity-temperature-depth (CTD) cast with a rosette of Niskin bottles was collected each morning before sunrise. From the seawater samples primary productivity, chlorophyll *a*, salinity calibration, and nutrient samples were collected. Expendable bathythermograph (XBT) drops were made daily at 0900, 1200, and 1500, and after sunset local ship time, just prior to the zooplankton net tow. Surface chlorophyll samples were taken after each XBT drop to measure chlorophyll *a* and temperature. Additional salinity samples were taken on the fourth CTD cast to verify the CTD and thermosalinograph conductivity cells. Potential cetacean prey abundance was estimated by acoustic sampling with an EK500 echosounder on the *Jordan*, and an EQ50 echosounder on the *McArthur*; these operated continuously, at the discretion of the Commanding Officer.

Fish were collected by trolling while underway or by hook-and-line while stationary. An Acoustic Doppler Current Profiler (ADCP) also ran continuously on the *Jordan* and was logged to a data acquisition system. A chronological record of oceanographic and net tow stations was kept by the ship (Electronic Marine Operations Log) with dates and times in GMT. The *Jordan* provided a digital copy of this log and the cruise weather log at the completion of the cruise.

This report provides ichthyoplankton and paralarval cephalopod data collected on the 2001 ORCAWALE survey. Zooplankton samples were processed and primary ichthyoplankton identifications were completed on a contract through PRD. Analysis of cephalopods and further ichthyoplankton identifications were done by SWFSC FRD Ichthyoplankton Ecology and Systematics Laboratory personnel. PRD processed and analyzed the hydrographic and other biological samples. All available net tow records for the ORCAWALE 2001 survey were verified and edited to produce this data report. The data are presented in a series of six tables. This is the first data report on the paralarval cephalopod and ichthyoplankton collected during an ORCAWALE survey, and makes the data available to all investigators. California waters have been surveyed for ichthyoplankton since 1951 by the California Cooperative Oceanic Fisheries Investigations (CalCOFI) program (For example see Watson et al. 2005).

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¹ Map redrawn from: Appler, J. and J. Barlow. 2002. Cruise report for the Oregon, California, and Washington Line-Transect Expedition 2001 OR.CA.WA.L.E.

Starting in the early 1980s, the Northwest and Alaska Fisheries Center (NWAFC, subsequently split into two science centers, Northwest Fisheries Science Center (NWFSC) and Alaska Fisheries Science Center (AFSC)), in cooperation with the Soviet Union (USSR/USA cruises, 1980–1987), sampled ichthyoplankton along the coasts of Washington, Oregon, and northern California (Doyle 1995, Doyle et al. 2002; Matarese et al. 2003). Paralarval cephalopod identifications from CalCOFI samples were done in the mid-1950's (Okutani and McGowan 1969), and resumed in 1997 to develop a fishery independent index of trends in market squid (*Loligo opalescens*) population abundance.

SAMPLING AREA AND PATTERN

A total of 71 Bongo net tows were made on the ORCAWALE survey in 2001, employing two research vessels: *Jordan* sampled stations 1–54 and *McArthur* sampled stations 55–71 (Figure 3). Distributions of perpendicular distance were not significantly different between the two vessels used on this survey, so data from the two ships were pooled (Barlow 1997). The survey was conducted in six legs, five legs on the *Jordan* and one on the *McArthur*:

| Jordan Leg 1 | 30 July–17 August | San Diego, California-Newport, Oregon |
|----------------|-------------------------|---|
| Jordan Leg 2 | 30 August–16 September | Portland, Oregon-Eureka, California |
| Jordan Leg 3 | 19 September–04 October | Eureka, California-San Diego, California |
| Jordan Leg 4 | 08–27 October | San Diego, California-Astoria, Oregon |
| Jordan Leg 5 | 01–10 November | Astoria, Oregon-San Diego, California |
| McArthur Leg 6 | 15 November–08 December | San Francisco, California–San Diego, California |

The principal study area was the U.S. West Coast EEZ and international waters out to a distance of approximately 300 nautical miles from the coasts of Washington, Oregon, and California. The ships followed a grid of predetermined tracklines (Figure 1) to uniformly cover this area. Actual tracklines surveyed are shown in Figure 2.

ZOOPLANKTON SAMPLING GEAR AND METHODS

The Bongo net tow on ORCAWALE 2001 was a double oblique haul towed from a depth of ~200 m (300 meters of wire out, or, to 15 m from the bottom in shallow areas) designed to filter a constant amount of water per depth interval (~2 m³/m of depth) over the vertical range of most ichthyoplankters. The Bongo frame (McGowan and Brown 1966; Smith and Richardson 1977) consists of a pair of circular frames connected to a central axle. The axle is free to rotate so that the mouth openings are vertical during the tow. The standard CalCOFI Bongo net used has 71 cm diameter frames and net material constructed of 0.505 mm nylon mesh. Each net consists of a cylindrical section ~146 cm long, a truncated conical section ~161 cm long, and a detachable cod end. The samples were taken from the starboard net. A General Oceanics flowmeter is suspended across the center of the starboard net; meter readings were taken at the beginning and end of each plankton tow. Hauls were made following standard CalCOFI protocol at a ship speed of 1.5–2.0 knots, and were initiated by clamping the net to the towing cable above a 34 kg weight suspended below the surface. The net was lowered to depth by paying the wire out at 50 m/minute (35 m of depth/minute). After fishing at depth for 30 seconds, the net was retrieved at 20 m/minute (14 m of depth/minute). The angle of stray was recorded every 30 seconds and maintained at 45° ($\pm 3^{\circ}$) by adjusting ship speed and course. After reaching the surface, the nets were washed down and the samples preserved in 5% formalin buffered with sodium borate. Samples were returned to the plankton sorting laboratory at the SWFSC at the end of the cruise. The Bongo sample was taken a minimum of 1 full hour after sunset each night. The tow took approximately 30 minutes to complete. Detailed descriptions of gear and methods are given by Kramer et al. (1972) and Smith and Richardson (1977); Ohman and Smith (1995) provided summaries of historical CalCOFI zooplankton methods and calibration factors for the Bongo as well as other gear types.

LABORATORY PROCEDURES

The ichthyoplankton and cephalopods were removed from the invertebrate portion of each sample and bottled separately in 3% sodium borate buffered formalin. In addition to cephalopods, and fish eggs and larvae, some samples contained juvenile, and occasionally adult, stages of fishes; these were removed and bottled separately in 3% formalin. The volume of water filtered by the net was computed from the flowmeter readings. A "standard haul factor" is used for oblique Bongo net tows to calculate the total number of individuals of a taxon under a unit surface area (Kramer et al. 1972; Smith and Richardson 1977; Moser et al. 1993). A requirement for this is the entire depth distribution of the taxon must be encompassed during the tow. We determined a zooplankton displacement volume for each Bongo net sample (methods described in Staff, SPFI 1953 and Kramer et al. 1972). Samples containing > 25 ml of plankton were fractioned, usually to ~50% of their original volume. Aliquot percentages for fractioned samples are listed in Table 1 under the "Percent Sorted" column. The sorting process included the removal of all cephalopods and ichthyoplankton from the samples.

A standard haul factor (SHF) was calculated for each Bongo net tow to make them comparable and to allow estimation of areal abundance. The SHF is calculated by the formula:

$$SHF = \frac{10 D}{V}$$

where D = depth of haul = cosine of the average angle of stray of the towing cable multiplied by cable length (m)

 $V = \text{total volume of water } (m^3) \text{ strained during the haul}$

$$V = R \cdot a \cdot p$$

where R = total number of revolutions of the current meter during the haul

 $a = area (m^2)$ of the mouth of the net

p = length of the column of water needed to produce one revolution of the current meter

Tow depth, volume of water strained, and standard haul factor are listed in Table 1 for each tow taken during ORCAWALE 2001. Detailed descriptions of factors involved in calculating these values are presented in Ahlstrom (1948), Kramer et al. (1972), and Smith and Richardson (1977).

IDENTIFICATION

Early ontogenetic stages of fishes and cephalopods are inherently difficult to identify and this is further complicated by the large number and diversity of species which contribute to the plankton of the California Current region. Most ichthyoplankton identifications were accomplished by establishing ontogenetic series on the basis of morphology, meristics, and pigmentation, and then linking these series through overlapping features to known metamorphic, juvenile, or adult stages (Powles and Markle 1984). Our ability to identify fish larvae in the California Current region improved greatly during 1988–1995 as a result of an intensive research project aimed at producing a taxonomic monograph on the ontogenetic stages of fishes of this region (Moser 1996). Additional regional identification manuals were used as well; see Matarese et al. (1989). Except for damaged specimens, most fish larvae in the 2001 survey could be identified to species. A total of 65 larval fish categories (including disintegrated) was identified in the Bongo net tows: 53 to species, 9 to genus, and 2 to family. Body lengths of Pacific sardine, northern anchovy, and Pacific hake larvae were measured to the nearest 0.5 mm. Identifications were done primarily on contract by Barbara S. MacCall, with help from SWFSC FRD Ichthyoplankton Ecology and Systematics Laboratory personnel: D. A. Ambrose, W. Watson, and the senior author of this report. Cephalopod paralarvae² were identified using Young (1972) and Sweeney et al. (1992). In total, 18 cephalopod taxa were identified: 12 to species, 4 to genus, 1 to family, and 1 to order. Identifications were done by W. Watson and the senior author.

With few exceptions, taxonomic categories above species represent small specimens which were damaged and partly disintegrated during capture. The following taxonomic categories in Table 6 require special explanation:

Cephalopods

Berryteuthis spp. – a small paralarva that could not be identified below the level of genus.

Gonatidae – immature young paralarvae that could not be identified with any certainty below the family level.

Gonatus spp. – small paralarvae that could not be identified below the level of genus.

Japetella spp. – a small individual that could not be identified below the level of genus.

Octopus spp. – small and damaged specimens that could not be identified below the level of genus.

Teuthida – a damaged specimen that could not be identified with any certainty below the ordinal level

Fish

Cyclothone spp. – small or damaged larvae lacking diagnostic characters.

² "Paralarva" is a termed coined by Young and Harman (1988) to describe the early developmental stage of cephalopods from hatching to subadult; it includes both morphological and ecological components. The morphological distinction between paralarval and juvenile stages has been defined for some families but not for all; we made no attempt to distinguish between these stages.

Diaphus spp. – Diaphus theta is the dominant Diaphus species in the survey area and most, if not all, of the larvae from the California Current region are this species; the generic category is used because a small proportion of the Diaphus larvae captured at the outer margin of the survey pattern may represent other species whose larvae are identical to those of D. theta.

Disintegrated fish larvae – one larva that could not be identified because of its poor condition; disintegrated larvae are routinely separated from the "unidentified" category to monitor the general condition of the ichthyoplankton samples.

Microstoma spp. – larvae of a distinct but undescribed microstomatid species.

Nannobrachium spp. – Zahuranec (2000) moved the subgroup of Lampanyctus characterized by small or absent pectoral fins in adults to the genus Nannobrachium; two Nannobrachium species, N. ritteri (formerly L. ritteri) and N. regale (formerly L. regalis), occur commonly in the present ORCAWALE survey pattern (at least three other species occur in the area, but are relatively uncommon); larval N. ritteri and N. regale > ~ 5 mm have been identified in oblique tow samples since 1954 (see Moser 1996).

Parophrys vetulus – see comment for Pleuronectidae.

Pleuronectidae – a damaged larva unidentifiable below family level due to poor condition; Sakamoto (1984) changed pleuronectid generic designations for species in the California Current Region as follows: 1) *Glyptocephalus zachirus* was changed to *Errex zachirus*; 2) *Isopsetta isolepis, Lepidopsetta bilineata*, and *Parophrys vetulus* were transferred into *Pleuronectes* and 3) *Lyopsetta exilis* was changed to *Eopsetta exilis*; although these changes were incorporated in the lists of Robins et al. (1991) and Eschmeyer (1998) we follow Nelson (1994) in retaining the older nomenclature because Sakamoto's (1984) changes were based on a phenetic study; also, the older names are used in the major identification guides to fishes of our region (Miller and Lea 1972, Eschmeyer et al. 1983, Matarese et al. 1989, and Moser 1996).

Sebastolobus spp. – larvae of this genus < 10 mm in length are not identifiable to species; larvae > 10 mm are identified as S. alascanus or S. altivelis.

Vinciguerria lucetia – V. lucetia, an eastern tropical Pacific species, is common in the southern part of the ORCAWALE region whereas the central water mass species V. poweriae is encountered rarely, usually only at the most seaward ORCAWALE stations; a small percentage of V. poweriae larvae may have been included in the V. lucetia category because of the difficulty in separating early larvae which often are virtually identical.

SPECIES SUMMARY

The most abundant paralarval cephalopod collected in Bongo net tows on the 2001 ORCAWALE survey, the enoploteuthid squid *Abraliopsis felis*, was also highest in frequency of occurrence, with 42.3% of the total paralarvae and 28.2% positive tows (Tables 2 and 3), respectively. It was collected throughout the whole cruise track. The 2nd most abundant species, the chiroteuthid squid *Chiroteuthis calyx*, was only one-quarter as abundant as the most abundant species (10.4% of the total paralarvae), and ranked 2nd in occurrence, with 11.3% positive tows. It occurred south of Cape Mendocino, except for one station (10) off Oregon. The 3rd most abundant taxa was the gonatid squid genus *Gonatus* spp. with 9.2% of the total paralarvae, and tied for 5th with 5.6% positive tows. *Gonatus* spp. was collected from Coos Bay, Oregon, south to Santa Cruz; the family Gonatidae was collected further south to San Diego, while *G. onyx* was collected north of Pt. Reyes and *G. pyros* occurred south of Monterey. The genus *Octopus* spp., collected

off Point Arena and south, was 4th in abundance and tied for 3rd in occurrence, with 7.8% of the total paralarvae and 7.0% positive stations. The 5th most abundant paralarvae was the onychoteuthid squid *Onychoteuthis borealijaponica*, with 5.6% of the total paralarvae; it tied for 7th in occurrence with four other species (4.2% positive tows). *O. borealijaponica* was collected south of Point Conception. The next five most abundant taxa were the family Gonatidae (4.9% of the total paralarvae), *Leachia dislocata* (4.4%), *Gonatus onyx* (3.8%), *Gonatus pyros* (2.5%), and *Pterygioteuthis gemmata* (2.2%). These taxa occurred tied for 5th, tied for 3rd, and the last three were tied for 7th in occurrence with two other species. The ten most abundant taxa comprised three-quarters of the total paralarvae collected (75.3%), with eight additional taxa (24.7%) completing the compliment of paralarvae in the ORCAWALE 2001 survey.

Of the five most abundant fish larvae collected in Bongo net tows on the 2001 ORCAWALE survey, northern lampfish (Stenobrachius leucopsarus) ranked first in abundance, with 18.0% of the total larvae, and 6th in occurrence, with 21.1% positive tows (Tables 4 and 5). The most southern occurrence of northern lampfish was off Point Arena. The 2nd most abundant species, northern anchovy (Engraulis mordax) accounted for 10.0% of the total larvae, tied for 13th in occurrence (10.0% of the samples), and was collected south of Point Reyes. Pacific sanddab (Citharichthys sordidus) ranked 3rd with 8.1% of the larvae and 2nd in occurrence (28.2% of the stations). The rockfish genus Sebastes ranked 4th in abundance with 7.6% of the total larvae and 4th in frequency of occurrence with 25.5% positive tows. Tying with Sebastes in abundance (7.6% of the total larvae), speckled sanddab Citharichthys stigmaeus ranked 5th in occurrence (22.5% positive tows). C. sordidus, Sebastes spp. and C. stigmaeus were collected throughout the whole cruise track. The next five most abundant taxa were Panama lightfish Vinciguerria lucetia (6.0% of total larvae), snubnose blacksmelt Bathylagus wesethi (4.8%), California flashlightfish Protomyctophum crockeri (4.5%), longfin dragonfish Tactostoma macropus (4.4%) and blue lanternfish Tarletonbeania crenularis (3.7%). These species ranked tied for 11th, 10th, 1st, tied for 18th with two other species, and 3rd in frequency of occurrence, respectively. The ten most abundant larval fish taxa comprised 51.3% of all the larvae collected in Bongo net tows on the ORCAWALE survey in 2001. The remaining 48.7% was distributed among 55 other categories (including the disintegrated category). Of the ten most abundant taxa, six are midwater species, three are coastal demersal taxa, and one is a coastal pelagic species.

EXPLANATION OF TABLES

Table 1. Data are listed sequentially by the Bongo net tow number. This table lists for each Bongo net tow the pertinent station and tow data, the volume of water filtered, the standard haul factor, the plankton volume, the percentage of sample sorted, the total number of fish eggs and larvae, and the total number of paralarval cephalopods during the 2001 ORCAWALE survey. Data are listed in the order of station occupancy, shown on the station chart (Figure 3). Ship codes are JD, Jordan or M4, McArthur. Plankton displacement volumes were determined after removal of large organisms (those with individual displacement volumes > 5 ml) and expressed as ml per 1000 m³ of water filtered. Time is listed as Pacific Standard Time (PST) at the start of each tow in 24-hour designation. The values for total fish eggs and larvae, and paralarval cephalopods are raw counts (unadjusted for percent of sample sorted or standard haul factor). The listings for station latitude and longitude in this table may differ from values given for stations in Philbrick et al. (2003) and Appler et al. (2004) data reports, reflecting the difference in position of the net tow versus other types of sampling. Dates given here and in Figure 3 for the beginning and end of each cruise are based on PST at the first and last Bongo net tow station of the cruise and do not include transit time from port to the first station and to port after the last station. Thus, our cruise dates may differ slightly from those in Philbrick et al. (2003) and Appler et al. (2004) reports which are based on GMT and include transit time to the first station and from the last station.

- Table 2. Pooled occurrences of all paralarval cephalopods taxa taken in Bongo net tows on ORCAWALE survey cruises in 2001, listed in rank order.
- Table 3. Pooled counts of all paralarval cephalopods taxa taken in Bongo net tows on ORCAWALE survey cruises in 2001, listed in rank order. Numbers are adjusted for percent sorted and standard haul factors.
- Table 4. Pooled occurrences of all larval fish taxa taken in Bongo net tows on ORCAWALE survey cruises in 2001, listed in rank order.
- Table 5. Pooled counts of all larval fish taxa taken in Bongo net tows on ORCAWALE survey cruises in 2001, listed in rank order. Numbers are adjusted for percent sorted and standard haul factors.
- Table 6. Numbers of paralarval cephalopods and fish larvae for each taxon, listed by tow number and calendar month of the Bongo net tow. Counts are adjusted for percentage of sample sorted and standard haul factor. Taxa are listed in phylogenetic sequence (Eschmeyer 1998, Voss et al. 1998); genera are listed alphabetically.
- Table 7. Summary of oceanographic and ecosystem samples collected during the 2001 ORCAWALE survey aboard the NOAA ships *Jordan* and *McArthur*. The totals for each type of sample collected for each Leg of the survey are listed. From Philbrick et al. (2003).

ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

We thank Stephen Reilly for his continuing support of the plankton collection program on the PRD cruises and for procuring the funding for contracts in support of the sample sorting and primary identifications. The Chief Scientist on the ORCAWALE 2001 survey was Jay Barlow. We are indebted to H. Geoffrey Moser and Robert Pitman for initiating the plankton sampling program on the PRD Cruises. We thank Amy Hays for the training she provided for the scientific crew and for reviewing the field data. Candice Hall and Pierre Malan were responsible for making the Bongo net tow collections at sea. The samples were sorted on a contract to Scripps Institution of Oceanography (SIO) by Cindy Klepadlo, Lawrence Lovell, and H. J. Walker. Figures 1 and 2 were redrawn by Roy Allen. Support for acoustic, seabird, and oceanographic sampling was provided, in part, by the U.S. Navy through the Office of Naval Research. And finally, we thank the crews of the research vessels whose continued dedication, cooperation, and skilled assistance were instrumental in making the collections and observations at sea.

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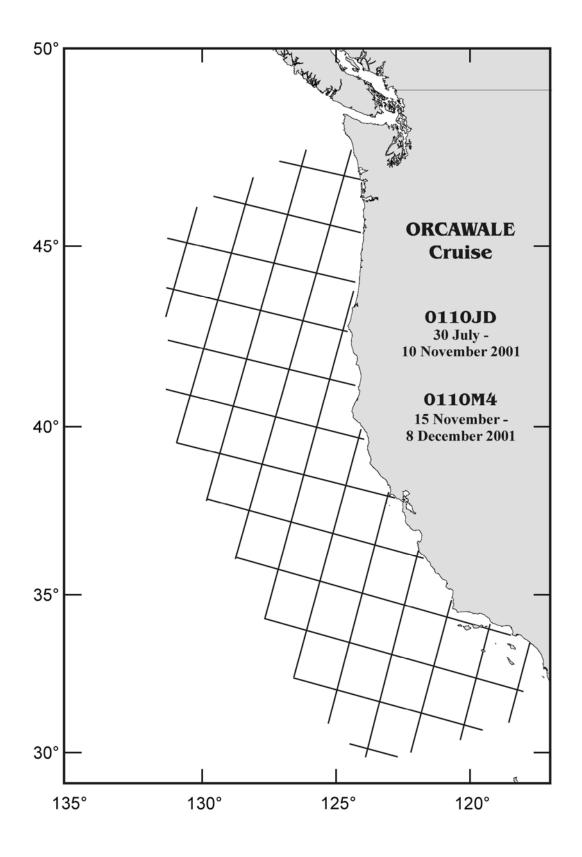


Figure 1. Nominal tracklines for the ORCAWALE 2001 survey.

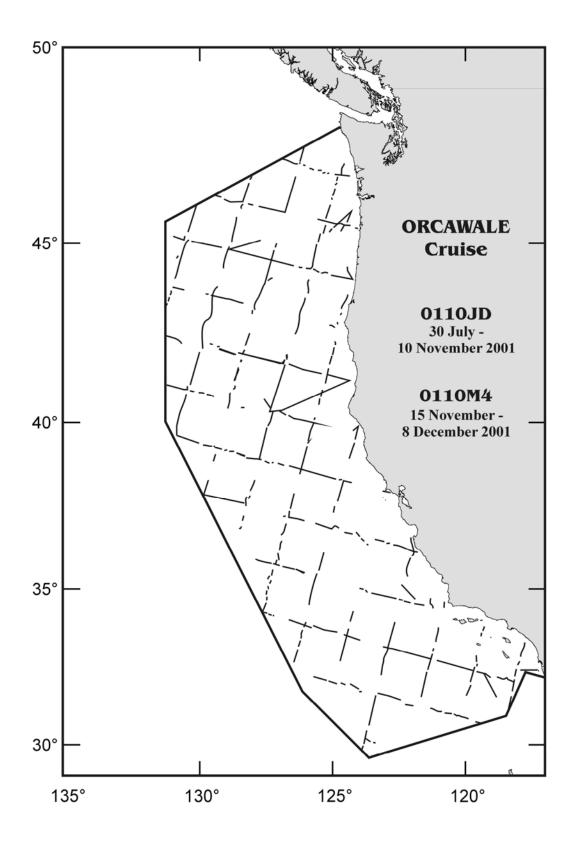


Figure 2. Actual tracklines during ORCAWALE 2001 survey

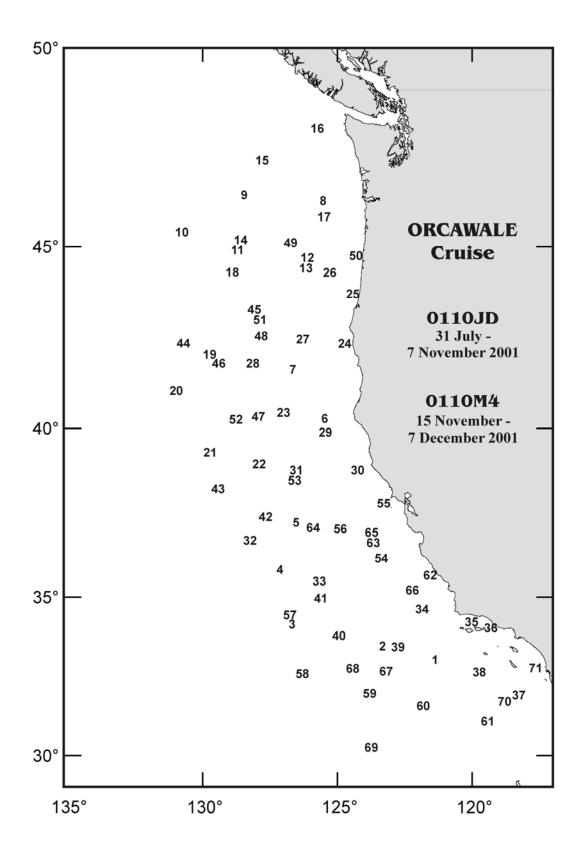


Figure 3. Bongo net tow stations for the ORCAWALE 2001 survey.

Table 1. Station and Bongo net tow data for ORCAWALE survey in 2001.

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| Tow Number | | ide (N) min. | Longit deg. | tude (W) min. | Ship Code | Tow Date yr mo. day | Time (PST) | Tow Depth (m) | Volume Water Strained | Standard Haul Factor | Plankton Volume | | Total Fish Larvae | Total Fish Eggs | Total Para- larvae |
|---------------|----|-----------------|-------------|------------------|--------------|---------------------|---------------|---------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------|--------------------|-------|-------------------------|-----------------------|--------------------------|
| 1 | 33 | 02.4 | 121 | 25.1 | JD | 01 07 31 | 2020 | 204 | 317 | 6.45 | 208 | 100.0 | 6 | 3 | 12 |
| 2 | 33 | 28.2 | 123 | 20.8 | JD | 01 08 01 | 2020 | 212 | 414 | 5.12 | 34 | 100.0 | 5 | 7 | 3 |
| 3 | 34 | 11.6 | 126 | 40.9 | JD | 01 08 02 | 2037 | 219 | 393 | 5.56 | 31 | 100.0 | 68 | 156 | 0 |
| 4 | 35 | 50.9 | 127 | 07.4 | JD | 01 08 03 | 2034 | 213 | 414 | 5.13 | 65 | 100.0 | 9 | 0 | 1 |
| 5 | 37 | 15.2 | 126 | 32.2 | JD | 01 08 04 | 2035 | 214 | 413 | 5.19 | 308 | 50.3 | 6 | 4 | 4 |
| 6 | 40 | 15.5 | 125 | 29.1 | JD | 01 08 05 | 2033 | 209 | 413 | 5.05 | 681 | 25.9 | 7 | 82 | 2 |
| 7 | 41 | 41.7 | 126 | 40.7 | JD | 01 08 06 | 2034 | 207 | 415 | 4.98 | 183 | 100.0 | 7 | 3 | 0 |
| 8 | 46 | 13.0 | 125 | 38.0 | JD | 01 08 12 | 2033 | 215 | 402 | 5.35 | 47 | 100.0 | 49 | 2 | 2 |
| 9 | 46 | 22.1 | 128 | 32.1 | JD | 01 08 13 | 2049 | 210 | 424 | 4.95 | 57 | 100.0 | 28 | 2 | 2 |
| 10 | 45 | 24.2 | 130 | 47.6 | JD | 01 08 14 | 2052 | 210 | 412 | 5.09 | 241 | 100.0 | 20 | 0 | 3 |
| 11 | 45 | 03.5 | 128 | 43.8 | JD | 01 08 15 | 2049 | 209 | 419 | 4.98 | 33 | 100.0 | 7 | 0 | 0 |
| 12 | 44 | 44.1 | 126 | 10.8 | JD | 01 08 16 | 2035 | 209 | 400 | 5.21 | 72 | 100.0 | 4 | 1 | 0 |
| 13 | 44 | 32.4 | 126 | 14.1 | JD | 01 08 31 | 2038 | 212 | 402 | 5.28 | 55 | 100.0 | 2 | 5 | 0 |
| 14 | 45 | 11.1 | 128 | 38.5 | JD | 01 09 01 | 2017 | 217 | 415 | 5.21 | 34 | 100.0 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| 15 | 47 | 14.9 | 127 | 52.5 | JD | 01 09 03 | 2015 | 211 | 415 | 5.10 | 63 | 100.0 | 22 | 1 | 3 |
| 16 | 48 | 03.7 | 125 | 54.5 | JD | 01 09 04 | 2013 | 178 | 470 | 3.79 | 349 | 100.0 | 172 | 0 | 1 |
| 17 | 45 | 49.0 | 125 | 33.9 | JD | 01 09 06 | 2000 | 213 | 398 | 5.35 | 312 | 53.2 | 9 | 2 | 2 |
| 18 | 44 | 20.7 | 128 | 58.4 | JD | 01 09 07 | 2012 | 213 | 387 | 5.50 | 44 | 100.0 | 4 | 3 | 0 |
| 19 | 42 | 04.4 | 129 | 44.2 | JD | 01 09 10 | 1958 | 219 | 382 | 5.72 | 24 | 100.0 | 5 | 1 | 1 |
| 20 | 41 | 04.7 | 130 | 59.0 | JD | 01 09 11 | 2000 | 212 | 395 | 5.36 | 41 | 100.0 | 9 | 5 | 0 |
| 21 | 39 | 19.7 | 129 | 42.2 | JD | 01 09 12 | 2001 | 210 | 400 | 5.25 | 33 | 100.0 | 6 | 7 | 2 |
| 22 | 38 | 58.2 | 127 | 55.7 | JD | 01 09 13 | 1947 | 217 | 386 | 5.61 | 236 | 50.5 | 3 | 2 | 1 |
| 23 | 40 | 28.6 | 127 | 01.3 | JD | 01 09 14 | 1947 | 211 | 416 | 5.07 | 70 | 100.0 | 2 | 5 | 1 |
| 24 | 42 | 24.6 | 124 | 46.6 | JD | 01 09 20 | 1933 | 213 | 395 | 5.39 | 218 | 48.8 | 3 | 9 | 0 |
| 25 | 43 | 47.4 | 124 | 19.7 | JD | 01 09 21 | 1918 | 69 | 144 | 4.79 | 132 | 100.0 | 5 | 114 | 0 |
| 26 | 44 | 25.3 | 125 | 34.7 | JD | 01 09 22 | 1925 | 213 | 392 | 5.41 | 133 | 100.0 | 9 | 5 | 0 |
| 27 | 42 | 32.2 | 126 | 20.0 | JD | 01 09 23 | 1930 | 216 | 383 | 5.63 | 269 | 100.0 | 7 | 2 | 1 |
| 28 | 41 | 51.1 | 128 | 11.8 | JD | 01 09 24 | 1942 | 212 | 402 | 5.28 | 122 | 100.0 | 1 | 3 | 1 |

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| T | T - diam | 1- (NI) | T | 1- (W) | CI. t. | T D-4- | T: | Tow | Volume | Standard | | D | Total | Total | Total |
|--------|----------|---------|------|----------|--------|------------|-------|-------|----------|----------|----------|--------|--------|-------|--------|
| Tow | | | _ | tude (W) | | Tow Date | Time | Depth | Water | Haul | Plankton | | | Fish | Para- |
| Number | deg. | min. | deg. | min. | Code | yr mo. day | (PST) | (m) | Strained | Factor | Volume | Sorted | Larvae | Eggs | larvae |
| 29 | 39 | 54.7 | 125 | 29.0 | JD | 01 09 25 | 1918 | 212 | 400 | 5.31 | 193 | 100.0 | 7 | 5 | 6 |
| 30 | 38 | 47.9 | 124 | 19.2 | JD | 01 09 26 | 1919 | 209 | 408 | 5.13 | 243 | 52.5 | 3 | 12 | 0 |
| 31 | 38 | 40.1 | 126 | 32.1 | JD | 01 09 27 | 1921 | 210 | 424 | 4.94 | 229 | 48.4 | 10 | 6 | 7 |
| 32 | 36 | 42.4 | 128 | 14.1 | JD | 01 09 28 | 1930 | 213 | 416 | 5.11 | 183 | 100.0 | 10 | 7 | 6 |
| 33 | 35 | 28.6 | 125 | 42.3 | JD | 01 09 29 | 1931 | 213 | 402 | 5.30 | 25 | 100.0 | 43 | 25 | 1 |
| 34 | 34 | 35.7 | 121 | 55.1 | JD | 01 09 30 | 1920 | 212 | 412 | 5.15 | 611 | 100.0 | 18 | 11 | 3 |
| 35 | 34 | 11.0 | 120 | 05.5 | JD | 01 10 01 | 1850 | 212 | 384 | 5.53 | 47 | 100.0 | 25 | 93 | 2 |
| 36 | 34 | 06.4 | 119 | 28.3 | JD | 01 10 02 | 1850 | 154 | 299 | 5.16 | 60 | 100.0 | 87 | 479 | 0 |
| 37 | 31 | 54.5 | 118 | 20.6 | JD | 01 10 03 | 1846 | 207 | 409 | 5.05 | 51 | 100.0 | 23 | 3 | 1 |
| 38 | 32 | 39.1 | 119 | 46.8 | JD | 01 10 09 | 1848 | 211 | 410 | 5.14 | 61 | 100.0 | 3 | 2 | 0 |
| 39 | 33 | 25.9 | 122 | 47.8 | JD | 01 10 10 | 1845 | 211 | 408 | 5.18 | 108 | 100.0 | 2 | 1 | 3 |
| 40 | 33 | 47.3 | 124 | 55.7 | JD | 01 10 11 | 1901 | 213 | 420 | 5.05 | 57 | 100.0 | 6 | 16 | 2 |
| 41 | 34 | 56.9 | 125 | 37.3 | JD | 01 10 12 | 1858 | 215 | 403 | 5.33 | 134 | 100.0 | 2 | 2 | 4 |
| 42 | 37 | 25.0 | 127 | 41.4 | JD | 01 10 14 | 1903 | 201 | 476 | 4.21 | 63 | 100.0 | 9 | 1 | 3 |
| 43 | 38 | 15.4 | 129 | 27.1 | JD | 01 10 15 | 1910 | 216 | 415 | 5.19 | 43 | 100.0 | 1 | 2 | 2 |
| 44 | 42 | 26.7 | 130 | 42.9 | JD | 01 10 18 | 1858 | 214 | 417 | 5.12 | 36 | 100.0 | 2 | 15 | 1 |
| 45 | 43 | 19.5 | 128 | 06.7 | JD | 01 10 20 | 1848 | 208 | 408 | 5.10 | 287 | 52.1 | 5 | 8 | 0 |
| 46 | 42 | 06.8 | 129 | 32.0 | JD | 01 10 21 | 1904 | 213 | 419 | 5.09 | 55 | 100.0 | 0 | 15 | 0 |
| 47 | 40 | 20.3 | 127 | 58.1 | JD | 01 10 22 | 1848 | 210 | 445 | 4.71 | 45 | 100.0 | 7 | 0 | 2 |
| 48 | 42 | 37.5 | 127 | 52.2 | JD | 01 10 24 | 1920 | 191 | 477 | 3.99 | 222 | 50.9 | 3 | 3 | 4 |
| 49 | 45 | 08.8 | 126 | 47.4 | JD | 01 10 25 | 1847 | 211 | 415 | 5.08 | 277 | 44.3 | 3 | 0 | 0 |
| 50 | 44 | 47.1 | 124 | 24.2 | JD | 01 10 26 | 1825 | 114 | 244 | 4.65 | 193 | 100.0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 51 | 43 | 04.5 | 127 | 54.8 | JD | 01 11 01 | 1835 | 209 | 418 | 5.00 | 395 | 49.6 | 3 | 2 | 3 |
| 52 | 40 | 16.8 | 128 | 46.1 | JD | 01 11 02 | 1828 | 210 | 424 | 4.95 | 28 | 100.0 | 7 | 1 | 2 |
| 53 | 38 | 39.5 | 126 | 35.2 | JD | 01 11 03 | 1834 | 213 | 412 | 5.16 | 243 | 42.0 | 1 | 0 | 1 |
| 54 | 36 | 10.1 | 123 | 25.5 | JD | 01 11 07 | 1831 | 216 | 411 | 5.27 | 268 | 50.9 | 18 | 8 | 0 |
| 55 | 37 | 50.6 | 123 | 19.5 | M4 | 01 11 15 | 1855 | 112 | 307 | 3.65 | 114 | 100.0 | 18 | 267 | 0 |
| 56 | 37 | 03.5 | 124 | 56.1 | M4 | 01 11 16 | 1828 | 209 | 363 | 5.75 | 196 | 100.0 | 6 | 3 | 0 |
| 57 | 34 | 25.8 | 126 | 46.9 | M4 | 01 11 17 | 1828 | 211 | 374 | 5.63 | 53 | 100.0 | 3 | 5 | 2 |
| 58 | 32 | 36.5 | 126 | 17.6 | M4 | 01 11 18 | 1829 | 210 | 342 | 6.13 | 67 | 100.0 | 4 | 0 | 0 |
| 59 | 31 | 59.0 | 123 | 49.5 | M4 | 01 11 19 | 1829 | 209 | 340 | 6.13 | 147 | 100.0 | 3 | 14 | 2 |

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| | | | | | | | | Tow | Volume | Standard | | | Total | Total | Total |
|--------|--------|---------|-------|----------|------|------------|-------|-------|----------|----------|----------|---------|--------|-------|--------|
| Tow | Latitu | ide (N) | Longi | tude (W) | Ship | Tow Date | Time | Depth | Water | Haul | Plankton | Percent | Fish | Fish | Para- |
| Number | deg. | min. | deg. | min. | Code | yr mo. day | (PST) | (m) | Strained | Factor | Volume | Sorted | Larvae | Eggs | larvae |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 63 | 36 | 39.5 | 123 | 43.3 | M4 | 01 11 26 | 1831 | 210 | 370 | 5.66 | 168 | 50.5 | 6 | 70 | 1 |
| 64 | 37 | 06.2 | 125 | 55.4 | M4 | 01 11 27 | 1834 | 215 | 345 | 6.21 | 342 | 45.7 | 19 | 56 | 1 |
| 65 | 36 | 37.8 | 123 | 42.6 | M4 | 01 11 28 | 1855 | 208 | 349 | 5.96 | 572 | 50.0 | 5 | 10 | 0 |
| 66 | 35 | 10.6 | 122 | 15.9 | M4 | 01 11 29 | 1835 | 179 | 488 | 3.67 | 37 | 100.0 | 1 | 10 | 1 |
| 67 | 32 | 40.7 | 123 | 13.5 | M4 | 01 11 30 | 1832 | 213 | 526 | 4.04 | 48 | 100.0 | 51 | 3 | 1 |
| 68 | 32 | 44.9 | 124 | 26.8 | M4 | 01 12 01 | 1829 | 210 | 449 | 4.67 | 31 | 100.0 | 5 | 3 | 1 |
| 69 | 30 | 15.6 | 123 | 45.0 | M4 | 01 12 02 | 1828 | 202 | 374 | 5.40 | 27 | 100.0 | 43 | 20 | 3 |
| 70 | 31 | 43.4 | 118 | 48.5 | M4 | 01 12 06 | 1827 | 217 | 386 | 5.62 | 21 | 100.0 | 11 | 5 | 0 |
| 71 | 32 | 46.7 | 117 | 42.1 | M4 | 01 12 07 | 1831 | 208 | 416 | 4.99 | 43 | 100.0 | 2 | 43 | 1 |
| 60 | 31 | 34.9 | 121 | 50.1 | M4 | 01 11 20 | 1830 | 213 | 369 | 5.76 | 68 | 100.0 | 17 | 2 | 0 |
| 61 | 31 | 06.1 | 119 | 27.1 | M4 | 01 11 21 | 1855 | 213 | 373 | 5.70 | 35 | 100.0 | 29 | 8 | 1 |
| 62 | 35 | 45.5 | 120 | 57.6 | M4 | 01 11 23 | 1833 | 218 | 369 | 5.90 | 46 | 100.0 | 41 | 317 | 1 |

Table 2. Pooled occurrences of paralarval cephalopods taken in Bongo net tows on ORCAWALE survey in 2001.

| Rank | Taxon | | Occurrences |
|------|-------------------------------|-------|-------------|
| 1 | Abraliopsis felis | | 20 |
| 2 | Chiroteuthis calyx | | 8 |
| 3 | Leachia dislocata | | 5 |
| 3 | Octopus spp. | | 5 |
| 5 | Gonatus spp. | | 4 |
| 5 | Gonatidae | | 4 |
| 7 | Pterygioteuthis gemmata | | 3 |
| 7 | Onychoteuthis borealijaponica | | 3 |
| 7 | Gonatus onyx | | 3 |
| 7 | Gonatus pyros | | 3 |
| 7 | Gonatopsis borealis | | 3 |
| 12 | Teuthida | | 1 |
| 12 | Berryteuthis spp. | | 1 |
| 12 | Histioteuthis heteropsis | | 1 |
| 12 | Galiteuthis pacifica | | 1 |
| 12 | Octopoteuthis deletron | | 1 |
| 12 | Galiteuthis phyllura | | 1 |
| 12 | Japetella spp. | | 1 |
| | | Total | 68 |

Table 3. Pooled counts of paralarval cephalopods taken in Bongo net tows on ORCAWALE survey in 2001.

| Rank | Taxon | | Count |
|------|-------------------------------|-------|-------|
| 1 | Abraliopsis felis | | 308 |
| 2 | Chiroteuthis calyx | | 76 |
| 3 | Gonatus spp. | | 67 |
| 4 | Octopus spp. | | 57 |
| 5 | Onychoteuthis borealijaponica | | 41 |
| 6 | Gonatidae | | 36 |
| 7 | Leachia dislocata | | 32 |
| 8 | Gonatus onyx | | 28 |
| 9 | Gonatus pyros | | 18 |
| 10 | Pterygioteuthis gemmata | | 16 |
| 11 | Gonatopsis borealis | | 14 |
| 12 | Histioteuthis heteropsis | | 6 |
| 13 | Japetella spp. | | 6 |
| 14 | Octopoteuthis deletron | | 5 |
| 15 | Galiteuthis pacifica | | 5 |
| 16 | Teuthida | | 5 |
| 17 | Galiteuthis phyllura | | 5 |
| 18 | Berryteuthis spp. | | 5 |
| | _ | Total | 729 |

Table 4. Pooled occurrences of fish larvae taken in Bongo net tows on ORCAWALE survey in 2001.

| Rank | Taxon | Occurrences |
|------|------------------------------|-------------|
| 1 | Protomyctophum crockeri | 26 |
| 2 | Citharichthys sordidus | 20 |
| 3 | Tarletonbeania crenularis | 19 |
| 4 | Sebastes spp. | 18 |
| 5 | Citharichthys stigmaeus | 16 |
| 6 | Stenobrachius leucopsarus | 15 |
| 7 | Diaphus spp. | 13 |
| 7 | Nannobrachium spp. | 13 |
| 9 | Chauliodus macouni | 11 |
| 10 | Bathylagus wesethi | 10 |
| 11 | Vinciguerria lucetia | 8 |
| 11 | Ceratoscopelus townsendi | 8 |
| 13 | Engraulis mordax | 7 |
| 13 | Diogenichthys atlanticus | 7 |
| 15 | Nannobrachium ritteri | 6 |
| 15 | Lestidiops ringens | 6 |
| 15 | Bathylagus ochotensis | 6 |
| 18 | Protomyctophum thompsoni | 5 |
| 18 | Tactostoma macropus | 5 |
| 18 | Idiacanthus antrostomus | 5 |
| 21 | Triphoturus mexicanus | 4 |
| 22 | Tetragonurus cuvieri | 3 |
| 22 | Symbolophorus californiensis | 3 |
| 22 | Trachipterus altivelis | 3 |
| 25 | Nannobrachium regale | 2 |
| 25 | Sebastolobus spp. | 2 |
| 25 | Leuroglossus stilbius | 2 |
| 25 | Cyclothone spp. | 2 |
| 25 | Melamphaes lugubris | 2 |
| 25 | Argentina sialis | 2 |
| 25 | Cyclothone signata | 2 |
| 25 | Arctozenus risso | 2 |
| 25 | Parophrys vetulus | 2 |
| 25 | Cyclothone acclinidens | 2 |
| 25 | Danaphos oculatus | 2 |
| 25 | Sardinops sagax | 2 |
| 25 | Microstomus pacificus | 2 |
| 38 | Pleuronectidae | 1 |
| 38 | Thalassenchelys coheni | 1 |
| 38 | Ichthyococcus irregularis | 1 |
| 38 | Argyropelecus hemigymnus | 1 |
| 38 | Argyropelecus spp. | 1 |
| 38 | Microstoma spp. | 1 |
| 38 | Bathylagus milleri | 1 |
| 38 | Psettichthys melanostictus | 1 |
| 38 | Trachurus symmetricus | 1 |
| | • | |

Table 4. (cont.)

| Rank | Taxon | | Occurrences |
|------|----------------------------|-------|-------------|
| 38 | Sebastes diploproa | | 1 |
| 38 | Liparis fucensis | | 1 |
| 38 | Zenion spp. | | 1 |
| 38 | Scopelogadus bispinosus | | 1 |
| 38 | Melamphaes parvus | | 1 |
| 38 | Melamphaes spp. | | 1 |
| 38 | Cololabis saira | | 1 |
| 38 | Myctophidae | | 1 |
| 38 | Desmodema lorum | | 1 |
| 38 | Rosenblattichthys volucris | | 1 |
| 38 | Genyonemus lineatus | | 1 |
| 38 | Disintegrated fish larvae | | 1 |
| 38 | Chiasmodon niger | | 1 |
| 38 | Leptocephalus giganteus | | 1 |
| 38 | Rhinogobiops nicholsii | | 1 |
| 38 | Sebastolobus altivelis | | 1 |
| 38 | Peprilus simillimus | | 1 |
| 38 | Scopelarchus analis | | 1 |
| 38 | Merluccius productus | | 1 |
| | | Total | 291 |

Table 5. Pooled counts of fish larvae taken in Bongo net tows on ORCAWALE survey in 2002. Counts are adjusted for percent of sample sorted and standard haul factor (see text).

| Rank | Taxon | Count |
|------|------------------------------|-------|
| 1 | Stenobrachius leucopsarus | 1061 |
| 2 | Engraulis mordax | 587 |
| 3 | Citharichthys sordidus | 475 |
| 4 | Sebastes spp. | 448 |
| 5 | Citharichthys stigmaeus | 445 |
| 6 | Vinciguerria lucetia | 352 |
| 7 | Bathylagus wesethi | 280 |
| 8 | Protomyctophum crockeri | 266 |
| 9 | Tactostoma macropus | 259 |
| 10 | Tarletonbeania crenularis | 215 |
| 11 | Ceratoscopelus townsendi | 196 |
| 12 | Diogenichthys atlanticus | 115 |
| 13 | Diaphus spp. | 96 |
| 14 | Triphoturus mexicanus | 95 |
| 15 | Chauliodus macouni | 86 |
| 16 | Idiacanthus antrostomus | 81 |
| 17 | Nannobrachium spp. | 78 |
| 18 | Nannobrachium ritteri | 66 |
| 19 | Protomyctophum thompsoni | 56 |
| 20 | Lestidiops ringens | 50 |
| 21 | Microstomus pacificus | 46 |
| 22 | Parophrys vetulus | 43 |
| 23 | Bathylagus ochotensis | 42 |
| 24 | Leuroglossus stilbius | 39 |
| 25 | Genyonemus lineatus | 26 |
| 26 | Trachipterus altivelis | 25 |
| 27 | Argentina sialis | 22 |
| 28 | Nannobrachium regale | 20 |
| 29 | Symbolophorus californiensis | 18 |
| 30 | Tetragonurus cuvieri | 16 |
| 31 | Sardinops sagax | 15 |
| 31 | Sebastolobus spp. | 15 |
| 33 | Cyclothone signata | 14 |
| 33 | Bathylagus milleri | 14 |
| 33 | Cyclothone spp. | 14 |
| 36 | Melamphaes lugubris | 12 |
| 36 | Merluccius productus | 12 |
| 38 | Danaphos oculatus | 11 |
| 38 | Psettichthys melanostictus | 11 |
| 38 | Disintegrated fish larvae | 11 |
| 41 | Cyclothone acclinidens | 10 |
| 41 | Peprilus simillimus | 10 |
| 41 | Pleuronectidae | 10 |
| 41 | Sebastes diploproa | 10 |
| 45 | Arctozenus risso | 9 |
| 46 | Microstoma spp. | 8 |

Table 5. (cont.)

| Rank | Taxon | Count |
|------|----------------------------|-------|
| 47 | Trachurus symmetricus | 6 |
| 47 | Argyropelecus hemigymnus | 6 |
| 47 | Myctophidae | 6 |
| 47 | Zenion spp. | 6 |
| 47 | Sebastolobus altivelis | 6 |
| 47 | Melamphaes parvus | 6 |
| 47 | Scopelarchus analis | 6 |
| 47 | Leptocephalus giganteus | 6 |
| 55 | Rosenblattichthys volucris | 5 |
| 55 | Liparis fucensis | 5 |
| 55 | Desmodema lorum | 5 |
| 55 | Melamphaes spp. | 5 |
| 55 | Scopelogadus bispinosus | 5 |
| 55 | Rhinogobiops nicholsii | 5 |
| 55 | Cololabis saira | 5 |
| 55 | Ichthyococcus irregularis | 5 |
| 55 | Thalassenchelys coheni | 5 |
| 55 | Argyropelecus spp. | 5 |
| 65 | Chiasmodon niger | 4 |
| | Total | 5892 |

Table 6. Standardized counts of paralarval cephalopods and fish larvae taken in Bongo net tows at stations occupied on ORCAWALE survey in 2001, listed by taxon, tow number, and month. Unoccupied stations are indicated by a dash.

| | | | Teuthida | | | |
|------------|------|-------|-------------------|------|-------|--------|
| Tow Number | July | Aug. | Sep. | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. |
| 44 | - | - | - | 5.1 | - | - |
| | | | | | | |
| | | | Abraliopsis felis | | | _ |
| Tow Number | July | Aug. | Sep. | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. |
| 1 | 32.3 | - | - | - | - | - |
| 4 | - | 5.1 | - | - | - | - |
| 5 | - | 20.6 | - | - | - | - |
| 6 | - | 19.5 | - | - | - | - |
| 8 | - | 10.7 | - | - | - | - |
| 9 | - | 5.0 | - | - | - | - |
| 17 | - | - | 20.1 | - | - | - |
| 22 | - | - | 11.1 | - | - | - |
| 23 | - | - | 5.1 | - | - | - |
| 29 | - | - | 31.9 | - | - | - |
| 31 | - | _ | 51.0 | - | - | - |
| 32 | - | _ | 5.1 | - | - | - |
| 33 | _ | _ | 5.3 | _ | - | _ |
| 39 | - | _ | - | 10.4 | - | _ |
| 40 | _ | _ | _ | 10.1 | _ | _ |
| 41 | _ | _ | _ | 10.7 | _ | _ |
| 42 | _ | _ | _ | 12.6 | _ | _ |
| 47 | _ | _ | _ | 4.7 | _ | _ |
| 48 | _ | _ | _ | 31.4 | _ | _ |
| 52 | _ | _ | _ | - | 5.0 | _ |
| 32 | | | | | 5.0 | |
| | | Ptery | gioteuthis gemn | nata | | |
| Tow Number | July | Aug. | Sep. | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. |
| 2 | - | 5.1 | - | - | - | - |
| 37 | - | - | - | 5.1 | - | - |
| 69 | - | _ | - | - | - | 5.4 |
| | | | | | | |
| | | Octo | opoteuthis deleti | ron | | |
| Tow Number | July | Aug. | Sep. | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. |
| 41 | - | - | - | 5.3 | - | - |
| | | | | | | |
| | | - | teuthis borealija | | | _ |
| Tow Number | July | Aug. | Sep. | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. |
| 2 | - | 5.1 | - | - | - | - |
| 5 | - | 20.6 | - | - | - | - |
| 15 | - | - | 15.3 | - | - | - |
| | | | Gonatidae | | | |
| Tow Number | July | Aug. | Sep. | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. |
| 1 1 | 12.9 | rug. | Sep. | 501. | 1107. | - - |
| 28 | 14.7 | - | 5.3 | - | - | - |
| 20 | - | - | ٥.٥ | - | - | - |

Table 6. (cont.)

| | | G | onatidae (cont. |) | | |
|------------|------|-------|------------------|------|------|------|
| Tow Number | July | Aug. | Sep. | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. |
| 59 | - | - | - | - | 6.1 | - |
| 63 | - | - | - | - | 11.2 | - |
| | | В | erryteuthis spp | • | | |
| Tow Number | July | Aug. | Sep. | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. |
| 9 | - | 5.0 | - | - | - | - |
| | | _ | | | | |
| | | | natopsis boreal | | | _ |
| Tow Number | July | Aug. | Sep. | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. |
| 32 | - | - | 5.1 | - | - | - |
| 41 | - | - | - | 5.3 | - | - |
| 66 | - | - | - | - | 3.7 | - |
| | | | Construs ann | | | |
| Tow Number | Inde | A 110 | Gonatus spp. | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. |
| 19 | July | Aug. | Sep. 5.7 | | | Dec. |
| | - | - | 20.4 | - | - | - |
| 31 | - | - | | - | - | - |
| 32 | - | - | 10.2 | - | 20.2 | - |
| 51 | - | - | - | - | 30.2 | - |
| | | | Gonatus onyx | | | |
| Tow Number | July | Aug. | Sep. | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. |
| 6 | - | 19.5 | - - | - | - | - |
| 16 | _ | - | 3.8 | _ | _ | _ |
| 43 | _ | _ | - | 5.2 | _ | _ |
| | | | | | | |
| | | | Gonatus pyros | | | |
| Tow Number | July | Aug. | Sep. | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. |
| 57 | - | - | - | - | 5.6 | _ |
| 59 | _ | - | _ | - | 6.1 | _ |
| 62 | - | - | - | - | 5.9 | - |
| | | | | | | |
| | | Hist | ioteuthis hetero | psis | | |
| Tow Number | July | Aug. | Sep. | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. |
| 1 | 6.5 | - | - | - | - | - |
| | | | | | | |
| m N 1 | T 1 | | hiroteuthis caly | | N.T. | ъ |
| Tow Number | July | Aug. | Sep. | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. |
| 1 | 25.8 | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2 | - | 5.1 | - | - | - | - |
| 10 | - | 15.3 | - | - | - | - |
| 21 | - | - | 10.5 | - | - | - |
| 32 | - | - | 5.1 | - | - | - |
| 43 | - | - | - | 5.2 | - | - |
| 52 | - | - | - | - | 5.0 | - |
| 67 | - | - | - | - | 4.0 | - |

| Table 6. (cont.) | | | | | | |
|------------------|-----------|------------------|--------------------|--------|-------|--------|
| rable of (cont.) | | L | eachia dislocat | a | | |
| Tow Number | July | Aug. | Sep. | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. |
| 47 | - | - | - | 4.7 | - | - |
| 57 | - | - | - | - | 5.6 | - |
| 61 | - | - | - | - | 5.7 | - |
| 68 | - | - | - | - | - | 4.7 |
| 69 | - | - | - | - | - | 10.8 |
| | | G | ıliteuthis pacifi | ca | | |
| Tow Number | July | Aug. | Sep. | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. |
| 39 | - - | - Tug. | ьер. - | 5.2 | - | - - |
| | | | | | | |
| | | | lliteuthis phyllu | | | |
| Tow Number | July | Aug. | Sep. | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. |
| 32 | - | - | 5.1 | - | - | - |
| | | | Japetella spp. | | | |
| Tow Number | July | Aug. | Sep. | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. |
| 27 | July - | Aug. | 5.6 | - - | - | - - |
| 21 | _ | _ | 3.0 | _ | _ | _ |
| | | | Octopus spp. | | | |
| Tow Number | July | Aug. | Sep. | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. |
| 34 | - | - | 15.5 | - | - | - |
| 35 | - | - | - | 11.1 | - | - |
| 53 | - | - | - | - | 12.3 | - |
| 64 | - | - | - | _ | 13.6 | - |
| 71 | - | - | - | - | - | 5.0 |
| | | Longe | a a a balua ai a a | | | |
| TN1 | T1 | _ | ocephalus gigai | | Man | D |
| Tow Number | July | Aug. | Sep. | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. |
| 1 | 6.5 | - | - | - | - | - |
| | | Thal | lassenchelys co | heni | | |
| Tow Number | July | Aug. | Sep. | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. |
| 47 | - | - | - | 4.7 | - | - |
| | | c. | y 1• | | | |
| T N 1 | T1 | | Sardinops sagax | | NI | D |
| Tow Number | July | Aug. | Sep. | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. |
| 5 | - | 10.3 | - 5.2 | - | - | - |
| 29 | - | - | 5.3 | - | - | - |
| | | \boldsymbol{E} | ngraulis morda | ıx | | |
| Tow Number | July | Aug. | Sep. | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. |
| 1 | 6.5 | - | - | - | - | - |
| 26 | - | - | 16.2 | - | - | - |
| 35 | - | - | - | 22.1 | - | - |
| 36 | - | - | - | 345.7 | - | - |
| 55 | - | - | - | - | 3.7 | - |
| 62 | - | - | - | - | 182.9 | - |
| 71 | - | - | - | - | - | 10.0 |
| | | | 27 | | | |

| | | A | Argentina sialis | | | |
|------------|------|------|------------------------|------|------------|------|
| Tow Number | July | Aug. | Sep. | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. |
| 34 | - | - | 5.2 | - | - | - |
| 35 | - | - | - | 16.6 | - | - |
| | | M | <i>licrostoma</i> spp. | • | | |
| Tow Number | July | Aug. | Sep. | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. |
| 67 | - | - | - | - | 8.1 | - |
| | | Ва | uthylagus millei | ri | | |
| Tow Number | July | Aug. | Sep. | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. |
| 64 | - | - | - | - | 13.6 | - |
| | | Batl | nylagus ochoten | ısis | | |
| Tow Number | July | Aug. | Sep. | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. |
| 2 | - | 5.1 | - | - | _ | _ |
| 4 | _ | 5.1 | - | - | - | _ |
| 12 | _ | 5.2 | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| 55 | _ | - | _ | _ | 7.3 | _ |
| 57 | _ | _ | _ | _ | 5.6 | _ |
| 64 | _ | _ | _ | _ | 13.6 | _ |
| 04 | | | | | 13.0 | |
| | | Ba | thylagus wesetl | hi | | |
| Tow Number | July | Aug. | Sep. | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. |
| 3 | _ | 11.1 | - | - | - | - |
| 33 | - | - | 127.2 | - | - | - |
| 40 | - | - | - | 5.1 | - | - |
| 41 | - | - | - | 5.3 | - | - |
| 58 | _ | _ | _ | _ | 6.1 | _ |
| 60 | _ | - | _ | - | 28.8 | _ |
| 61 | _ | - | _ | - | 34.2 | _ |
| 67 | _ | _ | _ | _ | 20.2 | _ |
| 69 | _ | _ | _ | _ | | 32.4 |
| 70 | - | - | - | - | - | 11.2 |
| | | I ou | roglossus stilbi | ine | | |
| Tow Number | July | Aug. | Sep. | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. |
| 35 | July | Aug. | Sep. | 33.2 | 110V. - | Dec. |
| 62 | - | - | - | - | 5.9 | - |
| 02 | - | - | - | - | 3.9 | - |
| | | | Cyclothone spp. | | | - |
| Tow Number | July | Aug. | Sep. | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. |
| 32 | - | - | 10.2 | - | - | - |
| 42 | - | - | - | 4.2 | - | - |
| | | Cycl | othone acclinid | lens | | |
| Tow Number | July | Aug. | Sep. | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. |
| 60 | - | - | - | - | 5.8 | - |
| 67 | - | - | - | - | 4.0 | - |
| | | | | | | |

Table 6. (cont.)

| | | Cy | clothone signa | ta | | |
|------------|------|-------|------------------|--------|------|-------|
| Tow Number | July | Aug. | Sep. | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. |
| 37 | - | - | - | 10.1 | - | - |
| 67 | - | - | - | - | 4.0 | - |
| | | Ar | gyropelecus sp | n. | | |
| Tow Number | July | Aug. | Sep. | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. |
| 7 | - | 5.0 | - - | - | - | - |
| | | | | | | |
| T N 1 | T 1 | | pelecus hemigy | | N.T. | ъ |
| Tow Number | July | Aug. | Sep. | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. |
| 59 | - | - | - | - | 6.1 | - |
| | | Da | inaphos oculati | us | | |
| Tow Number | July | Aug. | Sep. | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. |
| 33 | - | - | 5.3 | - | - | - |
| 58 | - | - | - | - | 6.1 | - |
| | | Ichth | yococcus irregu | ılaris | | |
| Tow Number | July | Aug. | _ | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. |
| 69 | - | - | - | _ | - | 5.4 |
| | | | | | | |
| | | Vii | ıciguerria lucei | tia | | |
| Tow Number | July | Aug. | Sep. | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. |
| 3 | - | 11.1 | - | - | - | - |
| 33 | - | - | 5.3 | - | - | - |
| 37 | - | - | - | 35.4 | - | - |
| 60 | - | - | - | - | 46.1 | - |
| 61 | - | - | - | - | 34.2 | - |
| 67 | - | - | - | - | 97.0 | - |
| 69 | - | - | - | - | - | 113.4 |
| 70 | - | - | - | - | - | 11.2 |
| | | Che | auliodus macou | ıni | | |
| Tow Number | July | Aug. | Sep. | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. |
| 4 | - | 5.1 | - | - | - | - |
| 5 8 | - | 10.3 | - | - | - | - |
| 8 | - | 5.4 | - | - | - | - |
| 18 | - | - | 5.5 | - | - | - |
| 19 | - | - | 5.7 | - | - | - |
| 20 | - | - | 5.4 | - | - | - |
| 21 | - | - | 5.3 | - | - | - |
| 24 | - | - | 11.0 | - | - | - |
| 31 | - | - | 20.4 | - | - | - |
| 48 | - | - | - | 7.8 | - | - |
| 68 | - | - | - | - | - | 4.7 |

| | | Tact | ostoma macro | pus | | |
|--------------|-----------|---------------|-----------------|--------|------|-------------|
| Tow Number 3 | July - | Aug. 228.0 | Sep. | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. |
| 17 | - | - | 10.1 | - | - | - |
| 29 | - | - | 5.3 | - | - | - |
| 32 | - | - | 5.1 | - | - | - |
| 33 | - | - | 10.6 | - | - | - |
| | | Idiaca | enthus antrosto | omus | | |
| Tow Number | July | Aug. | Sep. | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. |
| 33 | - | - | 10.6 | - | - | - |
| 61 | - | - | - | - | 28.5 | - |
| 67 | - | - | - | - | 16.2 | - |
| 68 | - | - | - | - | - | 9.3 |
| 69 | - | - | - | - | - | 16.2 |
| | | | blattichthys vo | lucris | | |
| Tow Number | July | Aug. | Sep. | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. |
| 69 | - | - | - | - | - | 5.4 |
| | | Sco | pelarchus ana | lis | | |
| Tow Number | July | Aug. | Sep. | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. |
| 59 | - | - | - | - | 6.1 | - |
| | | A | rctozenus risso | 2 | | |
| Tow Number | July | Aug. | Sep. | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. |
| 42 | - July | rug. | ьер. - | 4.2 | - | - - |
| 69 | - | - | - | - | - | 5.4 |
| | | Ιρ | stidiops ringen | 16 | | |
| Tow Number | July | Aug. | Sep. | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. |
| 39 | | - Tug. | Бер. | 5.2 | - | Dec. |
| 40 | _ | - | _ | 10.1 | _ | _ |
| 52 | _ | _ | _ | - | 5.0 | _ |
| 53 | _ | _ | _ | _ | 12.3 | _ |
| 60 | _ | _ | _ | _ | 5.8 | _ |
| 65 | - | - | - | - | 11.9 | - |
| | | | Myctophidae | | | |
| Tow Number | July | Aug. | Sep. | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. |
| 3 | July - | Aug. 5.6 | sep. | - - | NOV. | Dec. |
| 3 | - | 5.0 | - | - | - | - |
| Tow N1 | T1 | | scopelus town | | Mari | D |
| Tow Number | July | Aug. | Sep. | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. |
| 3 | - | 55.6 | - | - | - | - |
| 8 | - | 48.2 | 10.7 | - | - | - |
| 21 | - | - | 10.5 | - | - | - |
| 33 | - | - | 31.8 | - | - | - |
| 40 | - | - | - | 10.1 | - | - |

Table 6. (cont.)

| | | Ceratosco | pelus townsen | di (cont.) | | |
|------------|------|-------------|------------------------|------------|-------|------|
| Tow Number | July | Aug. | Sep. | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. |
| 59 | - | - | - | - | 6.1 | - |
| 69 | - | - | - | - | - | 27.0 |
| 70 | - | - | - | - | - | 5.6 |
| | | | D: 1 | | | |
| 77. N. 1 | T 1 | | Diaphus spp. | 0.4 | NT | Ъ |
| Tow Number | July | Aug. | Sep. | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. |
| 1 | 6.5 | - | - | - | - | _ |
| 3 | - | 11.1 | - | - | - | _ |
| 4 | - | 15.4 | - | - | - | _ |
| 6 | - | 19.5 | - | - | - | - |
| 7 | - | 5.0 | - | - | - | - |
| 8 | - | 5.4 | - | - | - | - |
| 21 | - | - | 5.3 | - | - | - |
| 23 | - | - | 5.1 | - | - | - |
| 32 | - | - | 5.1 | - | - | - |
| 33 | - | - | 5.3 | - | - | - |
| 37 | - | - | - | 5.1 | - | - |
| 43 | - | - | - | 5.2 | - | - |
| 47 | - | - | - | 4.7 | - | - |
| | | Nav | nobrachium s | nn | | |
| Tow Number | July | Aug. | Sep. | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. |
| 1 | 6.5 | Aug. | Бер. | - - | - | Dec. |
| 2 | - | 5.1 | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| 3 | - | 5.6 | - | - | - | - |
| 4 | - | 5.1 | - | - | - | - |
| 5 | _ | 10.3 | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| 10 | - | 5.1 | - | - | - | - |
| 12 | - | 5.2 | - | - | - | - |
| 13 | - | 5.3 | - | - | - | - |
| 19 | - | J.J - | 11.4 | - | - | _ |
| 20 | - | | 5.4 | - | - | _ |
| 37 | - | - | J.4 - | 5.1 | - | _ |
| 44 | - | - | - | | - | _ |
| 69 | - | - | - | 5.1 | - | 5.4 |
| 09 | - | - | - | - | - | 3.4 |
| | | Nani | nobrachium re | gale | | |
| Tow Number | July | Aug. | Sep. | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. |
| 10 | - | 10.2 | - | - | - | - |
| 17 | - | - | 10.1 | - | - | - |
| | | Mara | nobrachium rii | ttori | | |
| Tow Number | July | Aug. | nooracnium rii Sep. | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. |
| 2 | July | Aug. 5.1 | зер. - | - - | 1107. | Dec. |
| 33 | _ | J.1 - | 10.6 | - - | _ | - |
| 44 | _ | <u>-</u> | 10.0 | 5.1 | - | - |
| 45 | - | - | - | 19.6 | - | - |
| 43 | - | - | - | 17.0 | - | - |

| Tow Number 47 July 70 Aug. Sep. Oct. 18.8 Nov. 2.5.6 Dec. 3.6 47 - - - - 5.6 Stenobrachius leucopsarus Tow Number 70 July 8.0 Sep. Oct. Nov. Dec. 7.2 Nov. Dec. 7.3 7 - 5.0 - - - - 8 - 26.8 - - - - - 9 - 133.7 - | | | Nannol | orachium ritteri | (cont.) | | |
|--|------------|-----------|--------|------------------|---------|------|------|
| Tow Number July Aug. Sep. Oct. Nov. Dec. | Tow Number | July | Aug. | Sep. | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. |
| Tow Number July Aug. Sep. Oct. Nov. Dec. 7 - 5.0 - - - - 8 - 26.8 - - - - 9 - 133.7 - - - - 10 - 71.3 - - - - 11 - 100.0 - - - - - 11 - 100.0 - | 47 | - | - | - | 18.8 | - | - |
| Tow Number July Aug. Sep. Oct. Nov. Dec. 7 - 5.0 - - - - 8 - 26.8 - - - - 9 - 133.7 - - - - 10 - 71.3 - - - - 11 - 10.0 - - - - - 12 - 5.2 - - - - - 13 - 5.3 - - - - - 14 - - 5.2 - - - - 15 - - 625.4 - - - - 16 - - 60.2 - - - - 18 - - 11.0 - - - - <td< td=""><td>70</td><td>-</td><td>-</td><td>-</td><td>-</td><td>-</td><td>5.6</td></td<> | 70 | - | - | - | - | - | 5.6 |
| Tow Number July Aug. Sep. Oct. Nov. Dec. 7 - 5.0 - - - - 8 - 26.8 - - - - 9 - 133.7 - - - - 10 - 71.3 - - - - 11 - 10.0 - - - - - 12 - 5.2 - - - - - 13 - 5.3 - - - - - 14 - - 5.2 - - - - 15 - - 625.4 - - - - 16 - - 60.2 - - - - 18 - - 11.0 - - - - <td< td=""><td></td><td></td><td>~</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></td<> | | | ~ | | | | |
| 7 - 5.0 - | | | | - | | | _ |
| 8 - 26.8 - | | July | | Sep. | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. |
| 9 | | - | | - | - | - | - |
| 10 | | - | | - | - | - | - |
| 11 | | - | | - | - | - | - |
| $ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$ | | - | | - | - | - | - |
| 13 | | - | | - | - | - | - |
| 14 - - 5.2 - - - 15 - - 96.9 - - - 16 - - 625.4 - - - - 17 - - 40.2 - - - - - 18 - - 11.0 - | | - | | - | - | - | - |
| 15 | | - | 5.3 | - | - | - | - |
| 16 | | - | - | | - | - | - |
| 17 | 15 | - | - | | - | - | - |
| 18 - - 11.0 - <td></td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> | | - | - | | - | - | - |
| 29 - - 5.3 - - - 30 - - 9.8 - - - Triphoturus mexicanus Tow Number July Aug. Sep. Oct. Nov. Dec. 2 - 5.1 - - - - 36 - - - 5.2 - - 37 - - - 50.5 - - 61 - - - 50.5 - - 61 - - - - 34.2 - Tow Number July Aug. Sep. Oct. Nov. Dec. 66 - - - - 22.8 - 67 - - - 48.5 - 68 - - - - 48.5 - - - - | 17 | - | - | 40.2 | - | - | - |
| Tow Number July Aug. Sep. Oct. Nov. Dec. | 18 | - | - | 11.0 | - | - | - |
| Triphoturus mexicanus Triphoturus Triphotu | 29 | - | - | 5.3 | - | - | - |
| Tow Number July Aug. Sep. Oct. Nov. Dec. 2 - 5.1 - - | 30 | - | - | 9.8 | - | - | - |
| Tow Number July Aug. Sep. Oct. Nov. Dec. 2 - 5.1 - - - - 36 - - - 5.2 - - 37 - - - 50.5 - - 61 - - - - 34.2 - Diogenichthys atlanticus Diogenichthys atlanticus Diogenichthys atlanticus 3 - 111.1 - | 49 | - | - | - | 11.5 | - | - |
| Tow Number July Aug. Sep. Oct. Nov. Dec. 2 - 5.1 - - - - 36 - - - 5.2 - - 37 - - - 50.5 - - 61 - - - - 34.2 - Diogenichthys atlanticus Diogenichthys atlanticus Diogenichthys atlanticus 3 - 111.1 - | | | | | | | |
| 2 - 5.1 - | | | _ | | | | _ |
| 36 - - - 5.2 - - 37 - - - 50.5 - - 61 - - - - 34.2 - Diogenichthys atlanticus Tow Number July Aug. Sep. Oct. Nov. Dec. 3 - 11.1 - - - - - 60 - - - - 5.8 - | | July | | Sep. | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. |
| 37 - - - 50.5 - - Diogenichthys atlanticus Diogenichthys atlanticus Tow Number July Aug. Sep. Oct. Nov. Dec. 3 - 11.1 - - - - 60 - - - - - - 61 - - - - 22.8 - 61 - - - - 22.8 - 67 - - - - 22.8 - 68 - - - - 48.5 - 69 - - - - - 47.7 69 - - - - - 10.8 70 - - - - - 11.2 Protomyctophum crockeri Tow Number July Aug. <t< td=""><td></td><td>-</td><td>5.1</td><td>-</td><td>-</td><td>-</td><td>-</td></t<> | | - | 5.1 | - | - | - | - |
| Diogenichthys atlanticus Diogenichthys atlanticus Tow Number July Aug. Sep. Oct. Nov. Dec. 3 - 11.1 - - - - 60 - - - 5.8 - 61 - - - 22.8 - 67 - - - 22.8 - 67 - - - 48.5 - 68 - - - - 48.5 - 69 - - - - - 47.7 69 - - - - - 10.8 70 - - - - 11.2 Protomyctophum crockeri Tow Number July Aug. Sep. Oct. Nov. Dec. 2 - 5.1 - - - - <tr< td=""><td></td><td>-</td><td>-</td><td>-</td><td></td><td>-</td><td>-</td></tr<> | | - | - | - | | - | - |
| Tow Number July Aug. Sep. Oct. Nov. Dec. | | - | - | - | 50.5 | - | - |
| Tow Number July Aug. Sep. Oct. Nov. Dec. 3 - 11.1 - - - - 60 - - - - 5.8 - 61 - - - - 22.8 - 67 - - - 48.5 - 68 - - - - 48.5 - 69 - - - - - 10.8 70 - - - - - 11.2 Protomyctophum crockeri Tow Number July Aug. Sep. Oct. Nov. Dec. 2 - 5.1 - - - - 3 - 5.6 - - - - 3 - 5.6 - - - - 4 - 5.1 | 61 | - | - | - | - | 34.2 | - |
| Tow Number July Aug. Sep. Oct. Nov. Dec. 3 - 11.1 - - - - 60 - - - - 5.8 - 61 - - - - 22.8 - 67 - - - 48.5 - 68 - - - - 48.5 - 69 - - - - - 10.8 70 - - - - - 11.2 Protomyctophum crockeri Tow Number July Aug. Sep. Oct. Nov. Dec. 2 - 5.1 - - - - 3 - 5.6 - - - - 3 - 5.6 - - - - 4 - 5.1 | | | Diog | onichthys atlan | tieus | | |
| 3 - 11.1 - - - - 60 - - - - 5.8 - 61 - - - - 22.8 - 67 - - - - 48.5 - 68 - - - - - 4.7 69 - - - - - 10.8 70 - - - - - 11.2 Protomyctophum crockeri Tow Number July Aug. Sep. Oct. Nov. Dec. 2 - 5.1 - - - - 3 - 5.6 - - - - 4 - 5.1 - - - - 4 - 5.4 - - - - 8 - 5.4 - | Tow Number | Inly | _ | - | | Nov | Dec |
| 60 - - - - 5.8 - 61 - - - 22.8 - 67 - - - 48.5 - 68 - - - - 4.7 69 - - - - - 10.8 70 - - - - - 11.2 Protomyctophum crockeri Tow Number July Aug. Sep. Oct. Nov. Dec. 2 - 5.1 - - - - 3 - 5.6 - - - - - 4 - 5.1 - - - - - 4 - 5.4 - - - - - 8 - 5.4 - - - - - 10 - 10.2 | | July - | | Б с р. | | | Бес. |
| 61 - - - - 22.8 - 67 - - - 48.5 - 68 - - - - 4.7 69 - - - - - 10.8 70 - - - - - 11.2 Protomyctophum crockeri Tow Number July Aug. Sep. Oct. Nov. Dec. 2 - 5.1 - - - - 3 - 5.6 - - - - 4 - 5.1 - - - - 4 - 5.1 - - - - 8 - 5.4 - - - - 10 - 10.2 - - - - 11 - 24.9 - - - - - | | _ | | _ | _ | | _ |
| 67 - - - 48.5 - 68 - - - - 4.7 69 - - - - 10.8 70 - - - - 11.2 Protomyctophum crockeri Tow Number July Aug. Sep. Oct. Nov. Dec. 2 - 5.1 - - - - 3 - 5.6 - - - - 4 - 5.1 - - - - 8 - 5.4 - - - - 10 - 10.2 - - - - 11 - 24.9 - - - - | | _ | | _ | _ | | _ |
| 68 - - - - 4.7 69 - - - - - 10.8 70 - - - - 11.2 Protomyctophum crockeri Tow Number July Aug. Sep. Oct. Nov. Dec. 2 - 5.1 - - - - 3 - 5.6 - - - - - 4 - 5.1 - - - - - 8 - 5.4 - - - - - 10 - 10.2 - - - - - 11 - 24.9 - - - - - | | _ | _ | _ | _ | | _ |
| 69 - - - - - 10.8 Protomyctophum crockeri Protomyctophum crockeri Tow Number July Aug. Sep. Oct. Nov. Dec. 2 - 5.1 - - - - 3 - 5.6 - - - - 4 - 5.1 - - - - 8 - 5.4 - - - - 10 - 10.2 - - - - 11 - 24.9 - - - - | | _ | _ | _ | _ | 40.5 | 17 |
| Tow Number July Aug. Sep. Oct. Nov. Dec. 2 - 5.1 - - - - - 3 - 5.6 - - - - - 4 - 5.1 - - - - - 8 - 5.4 - - - - - 10 - 10.2 - - - - - 11 - 24.9 - - - - 11.2 | | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | |
| Protomyctophum crockeri Tow Number July Aug. Sep. Oct. Nov. Dec. 2 - 5.1 - - - - 3 - 5.6 - - - - - 4 - 5.1 - - - - - 8 - 5.4 - - - - - 10 - 10.2 - - - - - 11 - 24.9 - - - - - - | | - | - | - | - | - | |
| Tow Number July Aug. Sep. Oct. Nov. Dec. 2 - 5.1 - - - - 3 - 5.6 - - - - 4 - 5.1 - - - - 8 - 5.4 - - - - 10 - 10.2 - - - - 11 - 24.9 - - - - | 70 | - | - | - | - | - | 11.2 |
| Tow Number July Aug. Sep. Oct. Nov. Dec. 2 - 5.1 - - - - 3 - 5.6 - - - - 4 - 5.1 - - - - 8 - 5.4 - - - - 10 - 10.2 - - - - 11 - 24.9 - - - - | | | Proto | myctophum cro | ckeri | | |
| 2 - 5.1 | Tow Number | July | | | | Nov. | Dec. |
| 3 - 5.6 | | - | | - | - | - | - |
| 4 - 5.1 10 - 11 - 24.9 | | - | 5.6 | - | - | - | - |
| 8 - 5.4 10 - 10.2 11 - 24.9 | | - | | _ | - | - | - |
| 10 - 10.2 11 - 24.9 | | - | | _ | - | - | - |
| 11 - 24.9 | | - | | _ | - | - | - |
| | | - | | _ | - | - | - |
| 12 - 3.2 | 12 | - | 5.2 | - | - | - | - |

| Table 6. (cont.) | | | | • / | | |
|------------------|--------|--------|-----------------|---------------------|------|--------|
| Tow Number | Index | | tophum crocke | eri (cont.) Oct. | Nov. | Dec. |
| 18 | July | Aug. | Sep. 5.5 | Oct. | NOV. | Dec. |
| 19 | - | - | 5.3 5.7 | - | - | - |
| 20 | - | - | 26.8 | - | - | - |
| | - | - | | - | - | - |
| 21 | - | - | 5.3 | - | - | - |
| 31 | - | - | 10.2 | - | - | - |
| 33 | - | - | 10.6 | - | - | - |
| 38 | - | - | - | 10.3 | - | - |
| 39 | - | - | - | 5.2 | - | - |
| 42 | - | - | - | 21.1 | - | - |
| 45 | - | - | - | 9.8 | - | - |
| 52 | - | - | - | - | 24.8 | - |
| 54 | - | - | - | - | 20.7 | - |
| 56 | - | - | - | - | 5.8 | - |
| 57 | - | - | - | - | 5.6 | - |
| 61 | - | - | - | - | 11.4 | - |
| 67 | - | - | - | - | 4.0 | - |
| 68 | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | 4.7 |
| 69 | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | 5.4 |
| 70 | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | 11.2 |
| , , | | | | | | 11.2 |
| | | Proton | yctophum thon | nnsoni | | |
| Tow Number | July | Aug. | Sep. | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. |
| 15 | - - | rug. | 15.3 | - | - | - - |
| 20 | _ | _ | 5.4 | _ | _ | _ |
| 26 | _ | _ | 16.2 | _ | _ | _ |
| 31 | - | - | 10.2 | - | - | - |
| | - | - | 10.2 | - | 10.1 | - |
| 51 | - | - | - | - | 10.1 | - |
| | | G 1 1 | 1 1.0 | | | |
| T N 1 | T 1 | | ophorus califor | | N | Б |
| Tow Number | July | Aug. | Sep. | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. |
| 58 | - | - | - | - | 6.1 | - |
| 60 | - | - | - | - | 5.8 | - |
| 70 | - | - | - | - | - | 5.6 |
| | | | | | | |
| | | | tonbeania crent | | | _ |
| Tow Number | July | Aug. | Sep. | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. |
| 5 | - | 31.0 | - | - | - | - |
| 6 | - | 39.0 | - | - | - | - |
| 8 | - | 5.4 | - | - | - | - |
| 10 | - | 5.1 | - | - | - | - |
| 20 | - | - | 5.4 | - | - | - |
| 23 | - | - | 5.1 | - | _ | - |
| 26 | - | - | 5.4 | - | - | - |
| 27 | - | - | 5.6 | - | _ | _ |
| 28 | - | - | 5.3 | - | - | _ |
| 29 | _ | _ | 10.6 | - | _ | _ |
| 30 | _ | _ | 19.5 | _ | _ | _ |
| 31 | _ | _ | 10.2 | _ | _ | _ |
| <i>J</i> 1 | | | 10.2 | | | |

Table 6. (cont.)

| | | Tarletonl | beania crenular | is (cont.) | | |
|------------|-----------|-------------|-----------------------|------------|------|--------|
| Tow Number | July | Aug. | Sep. | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. |
| 32 | - | - | 15.3 | - | - | - |
| 35 | - | - | - | 5.5 | - | - |
| 42 | - | - | - | 8.4 | - | - |
| 47 | - | - | - | 4.7 | - | - |
| 51 | - | - | - | - | 10.1 | - |
| 52 | - | - | - | - | 5.0 | - |
| 63 | - | - | - | - | 11.2 | - |
| | | $D\epsilon$ | esmodema loru | m | | |
| Tow Number | July | Aug. | Sep. | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. |
| 4 | - | 5.1 | - | - | - | - |
| | | Tra | ichipterus altive | elis | | |
| Tow Number | July | Aug. | Sep. | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. |
| 1 | 6.5 | - | - | - | - | _ |
| 29 | - | _ | 5.3 | _ | _ | _ |
| 64 | - | - | - | - | 13.6 | - |
| | | Mei | rluccius produc | etus | | |
| Tow Number | July | Aug. | | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. |
| 62 | - - | rug. | ь с р. - | - | 11.8 | - - |
| 02 | | | | | 11.0 | |
| | | | Cololabis saira | | | |
| Tow Number | July | Aug. | Sep. | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. |
| 69 | - | - | - | - | - | 5.4 |
| | | M | <i>lelamphaes</i> spp |) . | | |
| Tow Number | July | Aug. | Sep. | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. |
| 33 | - | - | 5.3 | - | - | - |
| | | Mei | lamphaes lugul | bris | | |
| Tow Number | July | Aug. | Sep. | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. |
| 1 | 6.5 | - | - | - | - | - |
| 3 | - | 5.6 | - | - | - | - |
| | | Me | elamphaes parv | us | | |
| Tow Number | July | Aug. | Sep. | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. |
| 3 | - | 5.6 | - | - | - | - |
| | | Scon | elogadus bispin | osus | | |
| Tow Number | July | Aug. | Sep. | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. |
| 33 | - | | 5.3 | - | - | - |
| | | | Zenion spp. | | | |
| Tow Number | July | Aug. | Sep. | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. |
| 3 | July - | Aug. 5.6 | зе р. - | - - | | Dec. |
| J | - | 5.0 | - | - | - | - |

Table 6. (cont.)

| | | | Sebastes spp. | | | |
|------------|-----------|-------|------------------|------------|------|--------|
| Tow Number | July | Aug. | Sep. | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. |
| 6 | - | 78.0 | - | - | - | - |
| 7 | - | 10.0 | - | - | - | - |
| 8 | - | 160.5 | - | - | - | - |
| 9 | - | 5.0 | - | - | - | - |
| 16 | - | - | 26.5 | - | - | - |
| 17 | - | - | 20.1 | - | - | - |
| 22 | - | - | 22.2 | - | - | - |
| 26 | - | - | 5.4 | - | - | - |
| 27 | - | - | 11.3 | - | - | - |
| 29 | - | - | 5.3 | - | - | - |
| 32 | - | - | 5.1 | - | - | - |
| 35 | - | - | - | 22.1 | - | - |
| 36 | - | - | - | 15.5 | - | - |
| 54 | - | - | - | - | 10.4 | - |
| 55 | - | - | - | - | 21.9 | - |
| 56 | - | - | - | - | 5.8 | - |
| 62 | - | - | - | - | 11.8 | - |
| 65 | - | - | - | - | 11.9 | - |
| | | Sa | bastes diplopro | a | | |
| Tow Number | July | Aug. | Sep. | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. |
| 34 | July - | Aug. | 10.3 | - - | - | - - |
| 54 | | | 10.3 | | | |
| | | Se | ebastolobus spp |) . | | |
| Tow Number | July | Aug. | Sep. | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. |
| 4 | - | 5.1 | - | - | - | _ |
| 7 | - | 10.0 | - | - | - | _ |
| | | | | | | |
| | | Seb | astolobus altive | elis | | |
| Tow Number | July | Aug. | Sep. | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. |
| 19 | - | - | 5.7 | - | - | - |
| | | _ | | | | |
| m N 1 | T 1 | | Liparis fucensis | | N | ъ. |
| Tow Number | July | Aug. | Sep. | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. |
| 8 | - | 5.4 | - | - | - | - |
| | | Trac | hurus symmetr | ieus | | |
| Tow Number | July | Aug. | Sep. | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. |
| 3 | July | 5.6 | ьер. - | - - | - | - - |
| 3 | | 5.0 | | _ | _ | _ |
| | | Gen | yonemus linea | tus | | |
| Tow Number | July | Aug. | Sep. | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. |
| 36 | - | - | - | 25.8 | - | _ |
| - | | | | | | |
| | | CH | niasmodon nige | er – | | |
| Tow Number | July | Aug. | Sep. | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. |
| 67 | - | - | - | - | 4.0 | - |
| | | | | | | |

| | | Rhii | nogobiops nich | olsii | | |
|------------|------------|------|---------------------------------|------------|-------|------|
| Tow Number | July | Aug. | Sep. | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. |
| 34 | - | - | 5.2 | - | - | - |
| | | | | | | |
| m | v 1 | | ragonurus cuvi | | ** | ъ |
| Tow Number | July | Aug. | Sep. | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. |
| 37 | - | - | - | 5.1 | - | - |
| 40 | - | - | - | 5.1 | - | - |
| 58 | - | - | - | - | 6.1 | - |
| | | Pe | eprilus simillimi | us | | |
| Tow Number | July | Aug. | Sep. | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. |
| 36 | - | 8 | | 10.3 | - | |
| | | | | | | |
| | | Cith | arichthys sordi | dus | | |
| Tow Number | July | Aug. | Sep. | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. |
| 17 | - | - | 10.1 | - | - | - |
| 21 | - | - | 5.3 | - | - | - |
| 24 | - | - | 11.0 | - | - | - |
| 27 | - | - | 22.5 | - | - | - |
| 34 | - | - | 51.5 | - | - | - |
| 35 | - | - | - | 11.1 | - | - |
| 36 | - | - | - | 31.0 | - | - |
| 45 | - | - | - | 19.6 | - | - |
| 48 | - | - | - | 7.8 | - | - |
| 49 | - | - | - | 11.5 | - | - |
| 51 | - | - | - | - | 10.1 | - |
| 54 | - | - | - | - | 113.9 | - |
| 55 | - | - | - | - | 3.7 | - |
| 56 | - | - | - | - | 23.0 | - |
| 57 | - | - | - | - | 5.6 | - |
| 62 | - | - | - | - | 17.7 | - |
| 63 | - | - | - | - | 11.2 | - |
| 64 | - | - | - | - | 54.4 | - |
| 65 | - | - | - | - | 11.9 | - |
| 66 | - | - | - | - | 3.7 | - |
| | | C'A. | | | | |
| Tow Number | July | Aug. | urichthys stigma Sep. | oct. | Nov. | Dec. |
| 22 | July | Aug. | 11.1 | ŌĊi. | TNOV. | Dec. |
| 32 | _ | _ | 10.2 | _ | _ | _ |
| 34 | _ | _ | 20.6 | _ | _ | |
| 35 | _ | _ | 20.0 | 27.7 | _ | |
| 36 | - | - | - | 15.5 | - | - |
| 37 | - | - | - | 5.1 | - | - |
| 38 | - | - | - | 5.1 | - | - |
| 38 41 | - | - | - | 5.3 | - | - |
| 48 | - | - | - | 3.3 7.8 | - | - |
| 49 | - | - | - | 11.5 | - | - |
| 47 | - | - | - | 11.3 | - | - |

| Table 6. (cont.) | | | | | | |
|------------------|------|----------|------------------|-----------|-------|------|
| | | Citharic | hthys stigmaeu | s (cont.) | | |
| Tow Number | July | Aug. | Sep. | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. |
| 54 | - | - | - | - | 41.4 | - |
| 55 | - | - | - | - | 29.2 | - |
| 62 | - | - | - | - | 11.8 | - |
| 63 | - | - | - | - | 33.6 | - |
| 64 | - | - | - | - | 163.1 | - |
| 65 | - | - | - | - | 23.8 | - |
| | |] | Pleuronectidae | <u>:</u> | | |
| Tow Number | July | Aug. | Sep. | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. |
| 31 | - | - | 10.2 | - | - | - |
| | | Mic | rostomus pacifi | icus | | |
| Tow Number | July | Aug. | Sep. | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. |
| 26 | - | - | 5.4 | - | - | - |
| 31 | - | - | 40.8 | - | - | - |
| | | P | arophrys vetulu | us | | |
| Tow Number | July | Aug. | Sep. | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. |
| 25 | - | - | 24.0 | - | - | - |
| 63 | - | - | - | - | 11.2 | - |
| | | Psetti | chthys melanos | tictus | | |
| Tow Number | July | Aug. | Sep. | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. |
| 24 | - | - | 11.0 | - | - | - |
| | | Disin | tegrated fish la | rvae | | |
| Tow Number | July | Aug. | Sep. | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. |
| 3 | - | 11.1 | - | - | - | - |
| | | | | | | |

Table 7. Summary of oceanographic and ecosystem samples collected during the 2001 ORCAWALE survey aboard the NOAA ships *Jordan* (Legs 1-5) and *McArthur* (Leg 6).

| | LEG 1 | LEG 2 | LEG 3 | LEG 4 | LEG 5 | LEG 6 | TOTALS |
|------------------------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|--------|
| CTD casts | 11 | 11 | 10 | 14 | 3 | 17 | 66 |
| CTD chlorophyll samples | 110 | 110 | 101 | 140 | 30 | 158 | 649 |
| Surface chlorophyll samples | 47 | 53 | 54 | 63 | 30 | 88 | 335 |
| Primary productivity samples | 70 | 70 | 63 | 91 | 21 | 117 | 432 |
| Nutrient samples | 121 | 121 | 111 | 155 | 33 | 173 | 714 |
| Salinity samples | 47 | 52 | 64 | 62 | 10 | 72 | 307 |
| XBT drops | 48 | 56 | 51 | 63 | 28 | 92 | 338 |
| Bongo net tows | 12 | 11 | 14 | 13 | 4 | 17 | 71 |

PHYLOGENETIC INDEX TO TABLE 6

| CEPHALOPODA | Microstoma spp | 27 |
|---------------------------------|------------------------------|----|
| Teuthida25 | Bathylagidae | |
| Enoploteuthidae | Bathylagus milleri | 28 |
| Abraliopsis felis25 | Bathylagus ochotensis | |
| Pyroteuthidae | Bathylagus wesethi | |
| Pterygioteuthis gemmata25 | Leuroglossus stilbius | |
| Octopoteuthidae | Stomiiformes | |
| Octopoteuthis deletron25 | Gonostomatidae | |
| Onychoteuthidae | Cyclothone spp | 28 |
| Onychoteuthis borealijaponica25 | Cyclothone acclinidens | |
| Gonatidae25 | Cyclothone signata | |
| Berryteuthis spp26 | Sternoptychidae | - |
| Gonatopsis borealis26 | Argyropelecus spp | 28 |
| Gonatus spp26 | Argyropelecus hemigymnus | |
| Gonatus onyx26 | Danaphos oculatus | |
| Gonatus pyros26 | Phosichthyidae | => |
| Histioteuthidae | Ichthyococcus irregularis | 29 |
| Histioteuthis heteropsis26 | Vinciguerria lucetia | |
| Chiroteuthidae | Stomiidae | 2> |
| Chiroteuthis calyx26 | Chauliodontinae | |
| Cranchiidae | Chauliodus macouni | 29 |
| Cranchiinae | Melanostomiinae | 27 |
| Leachia dislocata27 | Tactostoma macropus | 30 |
| Taoniinae | Idiacanthinae | 50 |
| Galiteuthis pacifica27 | Idiacanthus antrostomus | 30 |
| Galiteuthis phyllura27 | Aulopiformes | 50 |
| Octopodida Phymara27 | Scopelarchidae | |
| Bolitaenidae | Rosenblattichthys volucris | 30 |
| <i>Japetella</i> spp27 | Scopelarchus analis | |
| Octopodidae 27 | Paralepididae | 50 |
| Octopoulate Octopus spp27 | Arctozenus risso | 30 |
| OSTEICHTHYS | Lestidiops ringens | |
| Notacanthiformes | Myctophiformes | 30 |
| Notacanthidae | Myctophidae | 20 |
| | Lampanyctinae | 30 |
| Leptocephalus gianteus27 | | 20 |
| Anguilliformes | Ceratoscopelus townsendi | |
| Congroidei | Diaphus spp | |
| Incertae sedis | Nannobrachium spp | |
| Thalassenchelys coheni27 | Nannobrachium regale | |
| Clupeiformes | Nannobrachium ritteri | |
| Clupeidae | Stenobrachius leucopsarus | |
| Sardinops sagax27 | Triphoturus mexicanus | 32 |
| Engraulidae | Myctophinae | 22 |
| Engraulis mordax27 | Diogenichthys atlanticus | |
| Osmeriformes | Protomyctophum crockeri | |
| Argentinidae | Protomyctophum thompsoni | |
| Argentina sialis28 | Symbolophorus californiensis | |
| Microstomatidae | Tarletonbeania crenularis | 33 |

| Lampridiformes | Perciformes |
|---------------------------|------------------------------|
| Trachipteridae | Percoidei |
| <i>Desmodema lorum34</i> | Carangidae |
| Trachipterus altivelis34 | Trachurus symmetricus35 |
| Gadiformes | Sciaenidae |
| Merlucciidae | Genyonemus lineatus35 |
| Merluccius productus34 | Trachinoidei |
| Beloniformes | Chiasmodontidae |
| Scomberosocidae | Chiasmodon niger35 |
| Cololabis saira34 | Gobioidei |
| Stephanoberyciformes | Gobiidae |
| Melamphaidae | Rhinogobiops nicholsii36 |
| <i>Melamphaes</i> spp34 | Stromateoidei |
| Melamphaes lugubris34 | Tetragonuridae |
| Melamphaes parvus34 | Tetragonurus cuvieri36 |
| Scopelogadus bispinosus34 | Stromateidae |
| Zeiformes | Peprilus simillimus36 |
| Zeidae | Pleuronectiformes |
| <i>Zenion</i> spp34 | Paralichthyidae |
| Scorpaeniformes | Citharichthys sordidus36 |
| Sebastidae | Citharichthys stigmaeus36 |
| Sebastes spp35 | Pleuronectidae37 |
| Sebastes diploproa35 | Microstomus pacificus37 |
| Sebastolobus spp35 | Parophrys vetulus37 |
| Sebastolobus altivelis35 | Psettichthys melanostictus37 |
| Cyclopteridae | Disintegrated fish larvae |
| Liparis fucensis35 | |

ALPHABETICAL INDEX TO TABLE 6

| Abraliopsis felis | 25 | Melamphaes lugubris | 34 |
|---------------------------|----|-------------------------------|----|
| Arctozenus risso | 30 | Melamphaes parvus | |
| Argentina sialis | 28 | Melamphaes spp | |
| Argyropelecus hemigymnus | | Merluccius productus | |
| Argyropelecus spp | 28 | Microstoma spp | |
| Bathylagus milleri | | Microstomus pacificus | |
| Bathylagus ochotensis | | Myctophidae | |
| Bathylagus wesethi | | Nannobrachium regale | |
| Berryteuthis spp | | Nannobrachium ritteri | |
| Ceratoscopelus townsendi | | Nannobrachium spp | 31 |
| Chauliodus macouni | | Octopoteuthis deletron | |
| Chiasmodon niger | 35 | Octopus spp | |
| Chiroteuthis calyx | | Onychoteuthis borealijaponica | |
| Citharichthys sordidus | | Parophrys vetulus | |
| Citharichthys stigmaeus | | Peprilus simillimus | |
| Cololabis saira | | Pleuronectidae | |
| Cyclothone acclinidens | | Protomyctophum crockeri | |
| Cyclothone signata | | Protomyctophum thompsoni | |
| Cyclothone spp | | Psettichthys melanostictus | |
| Danaphos oculatus | | Pterygioteuthis gemmata | |
| Desmodema lorum | | Rhinogobiops nicholsii | |
| Diaphus spp | | Rosenblattichthys volucris | |
| Diogenichthys atlanticus | | Sardinops sagax | |
| Disintegrated fish larvae | | Scopelarchus analis | |
| Engraulis mordax | | Scopelogadus bispinosus | |
| Galiteuthis pacifica | | Sebastes diploproa | |
| Galiteuthis phyllura | | Sebastes spp | |
| Genyonemus lineatus | | Sebastolobus altivelis | |
| Gonatidae | | Sebastolobus spp | |
| Gonatopsis borealis | | Stenobrachius leucopsarus | |
| Gonatus onyx | | Symbolophorus californiensis | |
| Gonatus pyros | | Tactostoma macropus | |
| Gonatus spp | | Tarletonbeania crenularis | |
| Histioteuthis heteropsis | | Tetragonurus cuvieri | |
| Ichthyococcus irregularis | | Teuthida | |
| Idiacanthus antrostomus | | Thalassenshelys coheni | |
| Japetella spp | | Trachipterus altivelis | |
| Leachia dislocata | | Trachurus symmetricus | |
| Leptocephalus giganteus | | Triphoturus mexicanus | |
| Lestidiops ringens | | Vinciguerria lucetia | |
| Leuroglossus stilbius | | Zenion spp | |
| Liparis fucensis | | rr | |
| T J | | | |

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